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(54) Title: IMMUNOGENIC SEQUENCES

(57) Abstract: The application relates to nucleic acids which encode enzymes responsible for the production of the O-antigen of *Francisella tularensis*, and their use as or in the production of vaccines and in diagnosis.

#### Immunogenic Sequences

The present invention relates to nucleic acid sequences, in particular genes that encode the enzymes which produce the O-antigen of Francisella tularensis, and their use as or in the production of vaccines and in diagnosis.

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Francisella tularensis is a small Gram-negative coccobacillus, which causes the zoonotic disease Tularemia. According to Bergey's manual of systematic bacteriology the genus Francisella contains two species: F. tularensis and Francisella novicida. However, recently several workers have suggested that F. novicida be considered a subspecies of F. tularensis (Hollis DG, et al., J.Clin.Micro. 27: 1601-1608). The closely related bacterium Yersinia philomiragia is now also considered a member of the genus Francisella, due to its high degree of relatedness at the DNA level. There are several proposed subspecies of F. tularensis other than novicida; these are: subspecies tularensis, subspecies holarctica and subspecies mediaasiatica. The subspecies tularensis and holarctica can be identified on the basis of virulence, citrulline ureidase activity and acid production from glycerol (Olsufjev NG, et al. (1959) J. Hyg. Epidemiol. Microbiol. Immunol. 3: 138-149. Francisella tularensis subspecies mediaasiatica is predominantly found in central asian republics of the former USSR. Strains of this subspecies possess citrulline ureidase activity, and are able to ferment glycerol, but are less virulent than strains of F. tularensis subspecies tularensis in rabbit.

Tularemia is a disease occurring in the northern hemisphere; with cases frequently found in Europe, N. America, Asia, N. Russia and Japan. Rodents are thought to be the main reservoir of the bacteria, with ticks as one of the main vectors.

The lipopolysaccharide (LPS) of Gram-negative bacteria is the major component of the outer membrane. The molecule is composed of 3 regions, lipid-A, which is embedded in the outer membrane and has a conserved structure between species, and two

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polysaccharides, the core oligosaccharide which can vary in complexity between species, and the O-antigen which is a very polymorphic structure (Kenne L, et al. (1983) Bacterial Polysaccharides The polysaccharides. Academic Press, pp. 287-362). The LPS molecule is thought to be required by the bacteria for protection against serum killing (Whitfield C, et al, (1997) Mol.Micro. 23: 629-638) and cationic antimicrobial peptides (Groisman EA. (1994). Trends.Microbiol. 2: 444-449).

The structure and immunogenicity of LPS isolated from the less virulent F. tularensis subspecies holarctica strains has been studied to some degree (Dreisbach VC, et al. (2000) Infect.Immun 68: 1988-1996). Animals immunised with this LPS are protected against a subspecies holarctica strain challenge (Fulop MJ, et al. (1995). Vaccine 13: 1220-1225), but not a subspecies tularensis strain challenge (Fulop MJ, et al. (2001). Vaccine 19: 4465-4472). However, the LPS from a subspecies holarctica strain appears to be less toxic than other Gramnegative LPS and its O-antigen contains rare sugars which are related in structure to those found in Pseudomonas aeruginosa 06 and Shigella dysenteriae type 7.

There are no reports of LPS isolation from the more virulent subspecies tularensis strains.

When LPS structure is studied in other species, it is frequently observed that the only difference in structure between strains is the composition of the O-antigen. Therefore, it would be useful to elucidate the structure of the O-antigen part of the LPS molecule in virulent subspecies in order to provide the basis for diagnostic tests and also to allow it to be produced recombinantly, to avoid handling a pathogenic organism.

However, the genetic basis of O-antigen expression is complex; in most bacteria the genes required for production of a complete O-antigen are located in a cluster on the bacterial chromosome. Therefore identification and isolation of genes responsible for the O-antigen is not straightforward. Furthermore, the identification and isolation of LPS from

virulent strains is further complicated because it is difficult to stain using conventional methods.

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The applicants have now determined the genetic basis of O-antigen production in *F. tularensis* subspecies *tularensis*.

Furthermore, they have established the efficacy of LPS from various *F. tularensis* strains as a vaccine.

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According to the present invention there is provided a nucleic acid which encodes a series of enzymes or enzyme fragments which, when expressed together in a cell, are able to produce an immunogenic moiety able to produce an immune response in an animal to which it is administered, which response is protective against *Francisella tularensis* infection, said nucleic acid encoding at least some of the enzymes of SEQ ID NOS 3-17, or modifications thereof.

The expression "modification" refers to sequences of amino acids, which differ from the base sequence from which they are derived in that one or more amino acids within the sequence are substituted for other amino acids. Amino acid substitutions may be regarded as "conservative" where an amino acid is replaced with a different amino acid with broadly similar properties. Non-conservative substitutions are where amino acids are replaced with amino acids of a different type. Broadly speaking, fewer non-conservative substitutions will be possible without altering the biological activity of the polypeptide. Suitably modifications will be at least 60% indentical, preferably at least 75% identical, and more preferably at least 90% identical to the base sequence.

Identity in this instance can be judged for example using the algorithm of Lipman-Pearson, with Ktuple:2, gap penalty:4, Gap Length Penalty:12, standard PAM scoring matrix (Lipman, D.J. and Pearson, W.R., Rapid and Sensitive Protein Similarity Searches, Science, 1985, vol. 227, 1435-1441).

In particular, the invention comprises a nucleic acid which encodes enzymes of SEQ ID NOS 3-17.

A preferred example of such a nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO 1 or a variant thereof. In particular the nucleic acid is of SEQ ID NO 1.

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The term "variant thereof" in relation to a nucleic acid sequences means any substitution of, variation of, modification of, replacement of, deletion of, or the addition of one or more nucleic acid(s) from or to a polynucleotide sequence providing the resultant protein sequence encoded by the polynucleotide exhibits the similar properties as the protein encoded by the basic sequence. The term therefore includes alleleic variants, degenerate variants which encode similar proteins but vary only as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code. It also includes a polynucleotide which substantially hybridises to the polynucleotide sequence of the present invention. Preferably, such hybridisation occurs at, or between low and high stringency conditions. In general terms, low stringency conditions can be defined as 3 x SSC at about ambient temperature to about  $55^{\circ}\text{C}$  and high stringency condition as 0.1 x SSC at about 65°C. SSC is the name of the buffer of 0.15M NaCl, 0.015M tri-sodium citrate. x SSC is three times as strong as SSC and so on.

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Typically, variants have 65% or more of the nucleotides in common with the polynucleotide sequence of the present invention, more typically 70%, preferably 75%, even more preferably 80% or 85% and, especially preferred are 90%, 95%, 98% or 99% or more identity.

Variants may comprise the basic sequence which has been modified to ensure that the codon usage is enhanced or optimised, as would be understood in the art, for a particular organism in which it is required that the sequence is expressed in a desired organism, for example a prokaryotic cell such as *E. coli*. This may involve modifying the content of particular nucleotides, for instance changing the percentage of G and C present in the sequence, to suit that usually found in genes which are highly expressed in the target organism. In addition, particular variants of SEQ ID NO 1 are synthetic variants, engineered to remove codons rarely found in highly expressed

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genes from common expression hosts such as *E. coli* and, at the same time, avoid the introduction of codons rarely found in genes coding for O-antigens. For example, wherever possible the codons for the amino acids arg, leu, ile, gly and pro are changed to CGT or CGC (arg), CTG, CTT or CTC (leu), ATC or ATT (ile), GGT or GGC (gly), and CCG CCA or CCT (pro), thus eliminating rare codons.

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When comparing nucleic acid sequences for the purposes of determining the degree of identity, programs such as BESTFIT and GAP (both from Wisconsin Genetics Computer Group (GCG) software package). BESTFIT, for example, compares two sequences and produces an optimal alignment of the most similar segments. GAP enables sequences to be aligned along their whole length and fins the optimal alignment by inserting spaces in either sequence as appropriate. Suitably, in the context of the present invention when discussing identity of nucleic acid sequences, the comparison is made by alignment of the sequences along their whole length.

SEQ ID NO 1 comprises a series of genes which encode a number of enzymes which are shown hereinafter in Figure 5 and SEQ ID NOS 3-17. Preferably any variants of SEQ ID NO 1 encode enzymes of SEQ ID NOS 3-17 or modifications of these.

The expression "fragment" used in relation to amino acid sequences refers to any portion of the given amino acid sequence which has the same activity as the complete amino acid sequence. Fragments will suitably comprise at least 20 and preferably at least 50 consecutive amino acids from the basic sequence.

The term "fragments" is also used in relation to nucleic acid sequences. Fragments of SEQ ID NO 1 may have applications in diagnostics, and these form a further aspect of the invention. For diagnostic purposes, fragments may be quite short, for example from 5-30 bases, which may be used as primers or probes. Particular characteristic regions of SEQ ID NO 1 from which suitable fragments for diagnostic purposes may be identified are elucidated hereinafter. Fragments which are

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useful in therapy would generally be expected to be longer, for example from 600-17,000 bases long.

A region of genome of the *F. tularensis* strain Schu 24 (subspecies *tularensis*) which includes SEQ ID NO 1, and which is responsible for expression of the set of enzymes necessary for constructing the polysaccharide, has been identified. It is shown hereinafter in Figure 6 as SEQ ID NO 41. This sequence includes a number of genes including a series of genes that encode the enzymes illustrated in Figure 5 hereinafter as SEQ ID NOS 3-20. Putative functions were applied to these genes by comparison with known sequences as illustrated in Table 1.

Table 1

SEQ ID	F. tularensis	Gene	Putative function
ИО	protein	product	
		size (aa)	
2	Transposase	247	Hypothetical protein
			Transposase
3	WbtA	578	Sugar epimerase
4	WbtB	205	Galactosyl transferase
			Glycosyl transferase
5	WbtC	263	UDP-glucose 4-epimerase
6	WbtD	363	Sugar transferase
7	WbtE	436	LPS biosynthesis
			Dehydrogenase
8	WbtF	323	C 4-epimerase
9	Wzy	409	Membrane protein / O-antigen
			polymerase
10	WbtG	366	Transferase
11	WbtH	628	Asparagine synthetase
12	WbtI	360	Sugar transaminase /
			perosamine synthetase
13	WbtJ	241	Formyl transferase
14	Wzx	495	o-antigen flippase
15	WbtK	286	Glycosyl transferase

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SEQ ID	F. tularensis	Gene	Putative function
NO	protein	product	
		size (aa)	
16	WbtL	294	Glucose-1-phosphate
			thymidylyltransferase
17	WbtM	348	dTDP-D-glucose 4,6-
			dehydratase
			dTDP-D-glucose 4,6-
			dehydratase
18	Transposase	126	Transposase
19	ManC	468	Mannose-1-phosphate
			guanylyltransferase
20	ManB	494	phosphomannomutase

In particular the proteins illustrated as SEQ ID NOS 3-17 are believed to be involved in O-antigen biosynthesis. The O-antigen itself has applications both in diagnostics and as a prophylactic or therapeutic vaccine.

When the nucleic acids of the invention are expressed together in a host cell, they will result in the construction of an antigen that produces an immune response in an animal including a human, which is protective against infection by F. tularensis. Thus they may be used in the production of prophylactic or therapeutic vaccines.

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The nucleic acid may be included in a vector such as a live viral vaccine, for instance, adenovirus vector or vaccinia, or in a plasmid to form so-called "naked DNA" vaccines, or preferably in a bacterial vector such as attenuated Salmonella species. In this case, the nucleic acid will be under the control of suitable control elements such as promoters, signal sequences, enhancers and the like, as would be understood in the art. In this case, the nucleic acid is expressed either within the cells of the patient to whom the vaccine is administered, or in the case of bacterial vectors, within the host cell itself. As a result a series of enzymes are produced which are able to construct the protective O-antigen in situ.

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The vector is suitably combined with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier in a vaccine formulation. The nature of the carrier depends upon the type of vector being used, as would be understood in the art. In particular, when the vaccine comprises a recombinant <code>Salmonella</code>, it is suitably in the form of a composition which is suitable for oral administration.

Alternatively, the nucleic acid may be included in an expression vector which is used to transform a host cell. Suitable host cells are prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells, but are preferably prokaryotic cells such as *E. coli*. In particular, the nucleic acid used is a synthetic variant of SEQ ID NO 1, optimised for expression in the particular host cells. The protective O-antigen can then be recovered from these cells after culture thereof.

Thus in a further aspect there is provided a method of preparing a prophylactic or therapeutic vaccine, which method comprises transforming a host cell with a nucleic acid of the invention, culturing said host cell, and recovering a moiety which produces a protective immune response against *F. tularensis* therefrom.

Expression vectors and host cells for use in this method, together with the product thereof form further aspects of the invention.

Vaccines of this type will suitably be in the form of a pharmaceutical composition, in which the antigen is combined with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, as would be understood in the art.

The compositions of the invention may be in a form suitable for oral use, for administration by inhalation (for example as a finely divided powder or a liquid aerosol), for administration by insufflation (for example as a finely divided powder) or for parenteral administration (for example as a sterile aqueous or oily solution for intravenous, subcutaneous, intramuscular or intramuscular dosing or as a suppository for rectal dosin.

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The compositions of the invention may be obtained by conventional procedures using conventional pharmaceutical excipients, well known in the art.

For further information on Formulation the reader is referred to Chapter 25.2 in Volume 5 of Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry (Corwin Hansch; Chairman of Editorial Board), Pergamon Press 1990.

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The amount of active ingredient that is combined with one or more excipients to produce a single dosage form will necessarily vary depending upon the host treated and the particular route of administration. For example, a formulation intended for oral administration to humans will generally contain, for example, from 0.5 mg to 2 g of active agent compounded with an appropriate and convenient amount of excipients which may vary from about 5 to about 98 percent by weight of the total composition. Dosage unit forms will generally contain about 1 mg to about 500 mg of an active ingredient. For further information on Routes of Administration and Dosage Regimes the reader is referred to Chapter 25.3 in Volume 5 of Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry (Corwin Hansch; 20 Chairman of Editorial Board), Pergamon Press 1990.

The size of the dose for therapeutic or prophylactic purposes of moiety of the invention will naturally vary according to the age and sex of the animal or patient and the route of administration, according to well known principles of medicine.

Thus in a further aspect the invention provides recombinant O-antigen of F. tularensis which is obtainable from a host cell which expresses proteins of SEQ ID NO 3-17, or modifications thereof.

Furthermore, the applicants' realisation of the sequence of the O-antigen sequence provides the possibility that this sequence can form the basis of diagnostic tests, to determine whether a patient has an F. tularensis infection. In such case, samples such as blood or saliva samples may be taken from the

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patient and the presence of SEQ ID NO 1 or variants thereof detected.

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Specific detection methods are well known in the art, and may include amplification procedures such as the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and/or other detection methods using for example labelled probes that hybridise to the target sequence and particularly SEQ ID NO 1. Primers and probes of this kind form a further aspect of the invention.

By selection of particular primers and probes, it may also be possible to allow differentiation between strains of F. tularensis infection. For instance, the applicants have found that primers comprising SEQ ID NOS 21 and 22 and 35 and 36 set out hereinafter will allow distinction between strains of F. tularensis subspecies tularensis, and F. tularensis subspecies holarctica as described below. In the former case, this possibility arises because of differences in the downstream sequence, and in the latter, because of differences in deletions in the flanking transposase sequence. Consequently, analysis using primers or probes based upon these regions may be used to determine whether any particular strain is F. tularensis subspecies tularensis or otherwise.

In order to discover whether the LPS from a subspecies tularensis strain has similar structure (and properties) to that from a subspecies holarctica strain, LPS from F. tularensis strain Schu S4 (subspecies tularensis) was extracted.

LPS extracted from *F. tularensis* strain Schu S4 was shown to have a characteristic ladder pattern after gel electrophoresis. However, the LPS was difficult to stain and required additional oxidation in order to visualise the O-antigen bands. This may suggest that the sugars in the O-antigen of *F. tularensis* strain Schu S4 are not oxidised in the same way as the O-antigen sugars found in most other bacteria.

The *F. tularensis* strain Schu S4 O-antigen gene cluster contained 15 genes, the putative functions of which was assigned (see Table 1 above) based on the BLAST results and structural information about the sugars contained in the O-antigen. Genes

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within the cluster are likely to be responsible for the production of the O-antigen molecule as well as the transportation of the molecule out of the bacterial cell.

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There are two main O-antigen synthesis modes, O-antigen polymerase (wzy)-dependent and wzy-independent. In the wzy-dependent system it is thought that the polymerase (wzy), flippase (wzx) and chain length determinant (wzz) are part of a complex in the cell wall which facilitates polymerisation and export of the LPS molecule. In the wzy-independent system a different set of proteins are involved in the transportation and polymerisation of the LPS molecule. The transporter is ATP driven and composed of two proteins wzt and wzm that belong to the ABC-transporter family.

In the *F. tularensis* O-antigen gene cluster, proteins with high identity to wzy and wzx are present, suggesting that transportation and polymerisation of the O-antigen is via a wzy-dependent pathway.

The TMHMM analyses of the putative O-antigen flippase (Wzx) and polymerase (Wzy) proteins supported their assigned functions based on sequence similarity. The predicted numbers of transmembrane helices for the *F. tularensis* proteins of 14 and 11 for Wzx and Wzy respectively are similar to those predicted for other bacteria, in which these cytoplasmic membrane proteins have been predicted to have around 10-12 trans-membrane helices. The prediction of 2 large periplasmic domains for the *F. tularensis* Wzy protein is consistent with the two large periplasmic domains of the *Shigella flexneri* Wzy protein.

No gene that could encode a Wzz homologue was identified, which may indicate that one is not present in the  $F.\ tularensis$  genome.

The close proximity or overlapping of the genes wbtA to wbtL suggests these are transcribed as one operon.

Approximately 0.5Kb downstream is wbtM, which has a putative promoter of its own. Downstream of the second transposase are manC and manB, which also have their own putative promoter and are probably not involved in biosynthesis

of the O-antigen as mannose was not found to be part of the structure of the F. tularensis O-antigen, nor is it one of the intermediate products required for its synthesis.

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The two genes manC and manB may once have been involved in biosynthesis of the O-antigen in an ancestor of F. tularensis. The presence of transposases flanking the O-antigen biosynthetic gene cluster wbtA to wbtM suggests this cluster may have been horizontally acquired, perhaps replacing an ancestral polysaccharide gene cluster.

The O-antigen gene cluster appears to be present in all subspecies tularensis and B strains screened. However, there is at least one difference between the clusters in subspecies tularensis and B strains within a region containing a transposase. BLAST analysis using the partially deleted transposase has revealed possibly over 50 copies of it in the F. tularensis Schu S4 genome. It is possible that the insertion sequence originated in the F. tularensis genome from S. pneumonia and was copied randomly within the genome. The open reading frames flanking the insertion sequence have no significant homology within the F. tularensis genome, suggesting that these genes were not imported to this locus with the insertion.

In subspecies tularensis strains, this insertion has become deleted to leave only fragments of the transposase and downstream sequence. The overall similarity between the subspecies tularensis and subspecies holarctica clusters seems to indicate that the insertions took place in F. tularensis before division of the subspecies. Partial deletion of the subspecies tularensis transposase would have the effect of stabilising this region of DNA, as this enzyme has been found to be necessary for insertion events to take place.

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It seems unlikely that this will affect expression of the cluster in either subspecies tularensis or B strains. It could be that in subspecies tularensis strains part of the transposase has been lost due to genome down sizing. However, the gross difference in size of PCR products generated across this region

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when amplifying DNA from different subspecies may be utilised in diagnostic procedures.

The applicants have found that a similar O-antigen gene cluster to that found in *F. tularensis* strain Schu S4 is present in other strains of *F. tularensis*. This includes subspecies holarctica strains. Consequently, a vaccine which utilises the O-antigen to produce a protective immune response is likely to provide protection against infection by several virulent strains of *F. tularensis*.

The applicants have demonstrated that LPS from F.

tularensis subspecies tularensis strains is protective. In

particular, it appears to be protective against challenge from

strains other than F. tularensis subspecies tularensis, and in

particular against challenge with F. tularensis subspecies

holartica. This finding is unexpected in view of the results

reported above which suggest that LPS from F. tularensis

subspecies holartica is not protective against infection by

other F. tularensis species. Thus recombinant vaccines as

described above will be particularly useful.

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Thus in a further aspect, the invention provides LPS obtainable from *F. tularensis* subspecies *tularensis* for use as a vaccine against infection by *F. tularensis*. Vaccine compositions containing LPS from *F. tularensis* subspecies *tularensis* are also novel and form a further aspect of the invention. These will comprise pharmaceutically acceptable carriers as described above.

The invention will now be particularly described by way of example with reference to the accompanying diagrammatic drawings in which:

Figure 1. SDS-PAGE analysis of LPS isolated from E. coli strain K325, 1.25  $\mu g$  (track 1) and F. tularensis strain Schu S4, 50  $\mu g$  (track 2).

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Figure 2. The genetic organisation of the O-antigen gene cluster in *F. tularensis* strain Schu S4. The G+C content of the O-antigen cluster is shown in the upper panel.

- Figure 3. Schematic structure of an O-antigen subunit of *F. tularensis* strain Schu S4 and the assignment of putative functions to the O-antigen gene cluster genes. A single O-unit is shown with sugar residues and glycosidic linkages indicated.
- Figure 4. Shows the region of the genome the nucleic acid sequence of the F. tularensis genome which encodes all the proteins shown in Figure 5.
- Figure 5. Shows the amino acid sequences of proteins encoded by SEO ID NO 1, as well as a number of flanking gene sequences,

Figure 6. Shows the nucleic acid sequence (SEQ ID NO 1) which encodes the enzymes necessary for O-antigen production.

#### 20 Example 1

#### Methods

### Bacterial strains and growth conditions

Bacterial strains used in this study are shown in Table 2 and were cultured at  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  on BCGA agar for 48 hrs.

25 Table 2

Spe	ecies and St	rain	Subspecies
F.	tularensis	Schu4	tularensis
F.	tularensis	199	tularensis
F.	tularensis	230	tularensis
F.	tularensis	041	tularensis
F.	tularensis	LVS	holarctica
F.	tularensis	200	holarctica
F.	tularensis	025	holarctica
F.	tularensis	075	holarctica
F.	tularensis	HN 63	holarctica
F.	tularensis	147	mediaasiatica

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#### LPS purification

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LPS was purified from F. tularensis strain Schu S4 using a hot-phenol and water extraction method (Westphal O, et al. (1965). Methods in Carbohydrate Chemistry 5: 83-91).

### Gel electrophoresis and silver staining

Glycine gel electrophoresis was performed according to the method of Laemmli (Laemmli UK. (1970). Nature 227: 680-685.) using a 12.5 % separating gel with a 4.5% stacking gel. Ten µl of each sample were electrophoresed for approx 2 h at 100 mV in the Mini-protean II slab system (Biorad). Gels were silver stained according to the method of Chart (Chart H. (1994) LPS: Isolation and Characterisation. In: Raton B, Arbor A (eds.) Methods in Practical Laboratory Bacteriology. CRC Press, London, Tokyo, pp. 11-20). However, the oxidation step was increased to 10 min.

### Nucleotide sequence analysis

The sequence encoding the O-antigen biosynthetic cluster was identified and extracted from the Known protein sequences (obtained from GenBank) involved in the biosynthesis of the O-antigen of other bacteria were used to probe the F.tularensis Schu S4 partial genome sequence (Prior RG, et al. (2001) Journal of applied microbiology 91: 614-620), available at <a href="http://artedi.ebc.uu.se/Projects/Francisella/">http://artedi.ebc.uu.se/Projects/Francisella/</a>, using TBLASTN (Altschul SF. et al. (1997) Nucleic acids research 25: 3389-3402). The contig containing the putative O-antigen gene cluster was extracted and subsequently analysed using the annotation tool Artemis (http://www.sanger.ac.uk/Software/Artemis). This allowed visualization of BLASTN, BLASTX and BLASTP searches, GC content and other analyses performed on the sequence and the predicted proteins.

The protein sequences encoded by the putative O-antigen flippase gene (wzx) and O-antigen polymerase gene (wzy) were analysed for trans-membrane helices using TMHMM (Sonnhammer ELL, et al. (1998) In: Glasgow J, Littlejohn T, et al. (eds.) The

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sixth international conference on intelligent systems for molecular biology. AAAI Press, Menlo Park, CA, pp. 175-182).

### PCR analysis of the putative O-antigen gene cluster

DNA was prepared from the *F. tularensis* strains shown in table 1, by phenol extraction, as described by Karlsson *et al* 2000 (*Microb.Comp.Genom.* 5: 25-39). Ten pairs of overlapping PCR primers were designed to amplify the whole of the putative 0-antigen gene cluster in approximate 2 kilobase segments using the DNAstar program PrimerSelect. The primers were designed with annealing temperatures ranging from 42 to 59°C, although all were used successfully at 49°C.

The structures of these primer pairs is summarised in Table 3.

Table 3

Primer	Forward/	Structure	SEQ ID
set	reverse		ИО
1	Forward	ATAATGAAATCAATCCACGAG	21
	Reverse	CCAGCCAGTCAGTCCCACAG	22
2	Forward	TGTCTTAGATATGGGGCAACC	23
	Reverse	ACAAATATCAAATCCTAACACATC	24
3	Forward	TAGAAGCAGCTGCGATAGGTAGAC	25
	Reverse	TTAAATAAAAACTGAGGAAACA	26
4	Forward	ATGGTATTTAATCAAGTGT	27
	Reverse	CTAGTATGCCCCAGAGT	28
5	Forward	TGGTGCGACAATCAAGTTA	29
	Reverse	AGAAGTTCCTCCTCAGTC	30
6	Forward	AGAAATTAAGAGCAAAAGGAAAGT	31
	Reverse	ATCTCAAAGTCAAAATCAGTCTCT	32
7	Forward	TACGATATTGTCCTCTCCGATTAG	33
	Reverse	TAGTTGCGACATATTGACCTG	34
8	Forward	AGGCAGGTCAATATGTCGCAACT	35
	Reverse	TTTCCGCAACACTTCAGCAACTT	36
9	Forward	GCTATGGCCACTATCACGAGAGG	37
	Reverse	TATACTTGCTTGCCCACTGCTTAG	38
10	Forward	ACCGTAGTGAGCATTGGATTGT	39

Primer	Forward/	Structure	SEQ ID
set	reverse		ИО
	Reverse	ACTAGGGCCTCTGACCGTTCTC	40

PCR amplification using each pair of primers with each template DNA was carried out in the following mixture: 1x PCR buffer (including 1.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>), 0.2 mM deoxynucleoside triphosphates (dNTPs), 2.5 mM forward primer, 2.5 mM reverse primer, 2.0 µl template DNA, 0.5U Taq polymerase and filtered sterile water to a final volume of 20 µl. The reaction mixtures were incubated at 90°C for 1 min and then cycled at 90°C for 1 min, 49°C for 1 min and 72°C for 2 min 25 s for 30 cycles, with a final incubation at 72°C for 10 min. PCR products were visualised on 0.5% agarose gels, with ethidium bromide staining. PCR buffer, dNTPs, and polymerase were from Roche. PCR primers were synthesised by MWG-Biotech.

#### Cloning of PCR Products

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PCR products amplified from Schu S4, HN63 and LVS DNA using primer pair 8 were cloned into pGEM-T easy (Promega) for sequence analysis. Ligated DNA was transformed in *E. coli* JM109 chemically competent cells (Promega) and putative clones were screened using both colony PCR and digestion with restriction endonucleases. All DNA manipulations, including ligations, transformations, colony PCR, restriction endonuclease digestions and agarose gel electrophoresis were carried out according to methods described by Sambrook et al (1987) Molecular cloning: A laboratory manual. Cold Spring Harbor, New York).

Purification of PCR products from agarose gel was achieved using the QIAquick Gel Extraction Kit (Qiagen) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

The three constructs were sequenced at Oswel by the dideoxynucleotide chain-termination method (Sanger F, et al. Proc.Natl.Acad.Sci.U.S.A. 74: 5463-5467) using universal primers. Each sequence was compared and the BLAST (Altschul SF, et al. (1990) Basic local alignment search tool. J.Mol.Biol. 215: 403-410) function of the ARTEMIS software package was used

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for homology searches in the locally held GenBank databases to identify the functions of the differential regions of DNA.

# Mass spectrometry analysis of the O-antigen molecule Results

#### 5 LPS purification

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The hot phenol-water extraction method was used to purify LPS from 2.2 g of freeze dried *F. tularensis* strain Schu S4. This resulted in 7 mg of LPS, which is a yield of 0.3 %. The LPS was difficult to visualise after SDS-PAGE and silver staining. The oxidation step was increased from 5 min to 10 min to visualise a ladder pattern (Fig 1).

### F. tularensis O-antigen biosynthetic gene cluster

The F. tularensis O-antigen biosynthetic gene cluster was found to be 17Kb in length and contain 15 genes putatively identified as being involved in O-antigen biosynthesis, flanked by two transposases (Fig 2). Possible promoter sites were identified just upstream of the genes wbtA and wbtM. Downstream of the second transposase are located the genes manC and manB, with a possible promoter just upstream of manC.

Figure 2 also shows the G+C content plot of the cluster using a window size of 500 bases. The overall G+C content of this region of the genome at 31.27% is slightly lower than the genome average of approximately 33%. The plot shows that the central section of the cluster, from wzy to wbtK, generally has an even lower G+C content.

Downstream from manC, on the opposite strand, are located the genes for the transcription termination factor rho and thioredoxin. In E. coli both of these genes are also found flanking one end of a polysaccharide biosynthetic gene cluster - that of the enterobacterial common antigen.

The O-antigen repeat unit of *F. tularensis* is shown in Fig 3, together with the putative role of the genes involved in O-antigen biosynthesis. Based on their homology to other LPS and sugar biosynthetic genes, in particular *P. aeruginosa* serotype O6 which expresses a similar O-antigen repeat structure (Knirel

YA, et al. (1985) Eur. J. Biochem. 150: 541-550), the putative role of the gene products have been assigned.

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It is proposed that the biosynthesis of 2-acetamido-2,6dideoxy-D-glucose (QuiNAc) involves WbtA, a dehydratase and WbtC, which shows homology to UDP-Glc 4-epimerases. WbtA and WbtC share homology to WbpM and WbpV of P. aeruginosa strain 06, both thought to be involved in QuiNAc biosynthesis and shown to be essential for 06 0-antigen synthesis. WbtE, WbtF and WbtH are proposed to be involved in 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-Dgalactouronamide (GalNAcAN) biosynthesis. WbtF shows homology to 10 UDP-glucose 4-epimerases, including WbpP and VipB, whilst WbtE shows homology to WbpO and VipA, UDP-GalNAc dehydrogenases involved in the formation of 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-D-galactouronic acid (GalNAcA) in P. aeruginosa and Salmonella enterica var typhi respectively. WbtH produces significant alignments with 15 glutamine amidotransferases, including WbpS of P. aeruginosa serotype 06, which may putatively be involved in the formation of the GalNAcAN amido group. Biosynthesis of the fourth sugar, 4N-formyl-quinovosamine (Qui4NFm) most likely involves WbtI, WbtJ, WbtL and WbtM. Sequence homology suggests that WbtL may 20 be involved in the formation of the activated sugar dTDP-D-Glucose with WbtM functioning as a dTDP-D-Glucose 4,6dehydratase. WbtI is proposed to be involved in Qui4NFm amination since it shows homology to RfbE, a perosamine synthetase. Finally, WbtJ is likely to be responsible for the 25 addition of the N-formyl moiety, showing significant homology to formyltransferases.

Specific glycosyltransferases are required to form the oligosaccharide units of the O-antigen repeat. Four glycosyltransferases would be necessary for the synthesis of each O-antigen unit in *F. tularensis*. Based on homology, WbtB is proposed to mediate the addition of QuiNAc to undecaprenyl phosphate (Und-P) to initiate O-antigen biosynthesis. WbtD and WbtG are probable GalNAcAN transferases, possibly involved in the addition of the two consecutive GalNAcAN residues onto the O-antigen unit. WbtD shares homology to WbpU of *P. aeruginosa* 

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strain O6, proposed to transfer 2-formamido-2-deoxy-D-galactouronamide (GalNFmAN) onto QuiNAc (Belanger M, et al. (1999). Microbiology 145: 3505-3521). WbtG is homologous to WbpT of P. aeruginosa, thought to be involved in addition of GalNAcA to GalNFmAN. WbtK is probably the fourth glycosyltransferase, which adds 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido-D-glucose (QuiNA4Fm) to complete the tetrasaccharide O unit.

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#### Wzx and Wzy

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Once assembled, the O-antigen repeat units are translocated to the periplasmic face of the inner membrane via Wzx, a transporter/flippase. Wzy then acts as an O-antigen repeat unit polymerase. When analysed using TMHMM, the F. tularensis Wzx protein had a predicted 14 trans-membrane helices, with both termini on the cytoplasmic side of the membrane. The F. tularensis Wzy protein had a predicted 11 trans-membrane helices, with the amino terminus predicted to be on the cytoplasmic side of the membrane, and the carboxy terminus on the periplasmic side. Additionally, the Wzy protein was predicted to have two large periplasmic domains from amino acids 142-178 and 268-327.

A gene with homology to the O-antigen chain length determinant (wzz) was not identified in the current F. tularensis Schu S4 sequence dataset.

### PCR analysis of the O-antigen gene cluster

Eight of the PCR products (primer sets 2,3,4,5,6,7,9 and 10) from each template DNA appeared to bethe same size when viewed by agarose gel electrophoresis. Primer pair 1, covering the start of the gene cluster, had to be designed to amplify a 4.8 Kb region due to lack of suitable priming sites upstream of the cluster because of the presence of an insertion element found many times in the *F. tularensis* Schu S4 genome. This primer pair 1 produced the relevant size product for *F. tularensis* Schu S4, but when used on subspecies holarctica, strain LVS, did not produce a product. Thus this primer pair may have particular applications in diagnostics where distinction between *F. tularensis* subspecies tularensis and F.

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tularensis subspecies holarctica is required. Where samples containing DNA from the former is present, a PCR using primer pair 1 will generate a product, which would not be present in the second case.

The PCR using primer pair 8 revealed a difference in size between subspecies tularensis strains and subspecies holarctica and subspecies mediaasiatica. Subspecies tularensis strains show a deletion of 303 nucleotides when compared to subspecies holarctica strains (including LVS) and subspecies mediaasiatica. Cloning and sequence analysis of this region from the subspecies tularensis strain Schu S4, the subspecies holarctica strain HN63 and LVS has shown that the deletion in Schu S4 occurs at the beginning of a putative transposase that is similar to IS630-spn 1 transposase ORF 1 of Streptococcus pneumoniae.

Thus primer pair 8 may also be particularly useful in distinguishing between strains of F. tularenis. Following a PCR reaction on samples containing DNA using these primers, a separation of the products on the basis of size, for example on a gel, should reveal distinguishable differences therebetween.

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#### Example 2

#### Protective Effects

#### LPS purification

LPS was purified from *F. tularensis* strain Schu S4 or from strain LVS using a hot-phenol and water extraction method mentioned above in Example 1.

### Immunization with LPS and protection studies

The ability of F. tularensis strain LVS or strain Schu S4 LPS to protect BALB/c mice from a F. tularensis was determined by immunizing groups of six female BALB/c mice by the i.p. route with the purified LPS obtained. On each dosing occasion, mice were given 50  $\mu g$  of LPS in phosphate buffered saline (PBS). The mice received three immunizations, each 7 days apart.

Mice were challenged i.p. with  $F.\ tularensis$  LVS (1 x 10 $^5$  CFU) 21 days after the last immunization. All control animals died after

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challenge. Mice which had been immunised LPS isolated from the LVS strain were protected from death. Mice which had been immunised with LPS from either the SchuS4 or LVS strain showed and extended time to death. At a challenge dose of 10 cfu animals immunised with SchS4 LPS survived for an average of 64 hours (with 99 % confidence) longer than the unimmunised controls.

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#### Claims

1. A nucleic acid which encodes a series of enzymes or enzyme fragments which, when expressed together in a cell, are able to produce an immunogenic moiety able to produce an immune response in an animal to which it is administered, which response is protective against *Francisella tularensis* infection, said nucleic acid encoding at least some enzymes of SEQ ID NOS 3-17 or modifications of these.

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- 2. A nucleic acid according to claim 1 which encodes enzymes of SEQ ID NOS 3-17.
- 3. A nucleic acid according to claim 1 or claim 2 which comprises SEQ ID NO 1 or a variant thereof.
  - 4. An nucleic acid according to claim 3 which is of SEQ ID NO 1.
- 5. A nucleic acid according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the codons have been optimised for expression in a bacterial cell.
- 6. A nucleic acid according to claim 5 wherein the bacterial cell is *E. coli*.
  - 7. A nucleic acid comprising a fragment of SEQ ID NO 1 which may be used to detect the presence of SEQ ID NO 1 in a sample.
- 30 8. A nucleic acid according to claim 7 which comprises an amplification primer.
  - 9. A nucleic acid according to claim 8 which is selected from SEQ ID NO 21, 22, 35 or 36.

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10. A live vaccine vector, which comprises a nucleic acid according to any one of claims 1 to 5.

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- 11. A live vaccine vector according to claim 10 which comprises a bacterial vector.
  - 12. A live vaccine vector according to claim 11 wherein the bacteria is a Salmonella species.
- 13. A vaccine comprising a live vaccine vector according to any one of claims 10 to 12 in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 14. A method of preparing a prophylactic or therapeutic
  vaccine, which method comprises transforming a host cell with a
  nucleic acid according to any one of claims 1 to 6, culturing
  said host cell and recovering a protective immunogenic moiety
  from the culture.
- 20 15. An expression vector comprising a nucleic acid according to any one of claims 1 to 6.
  - 16. A host cell transformed with a vector according to claim15.

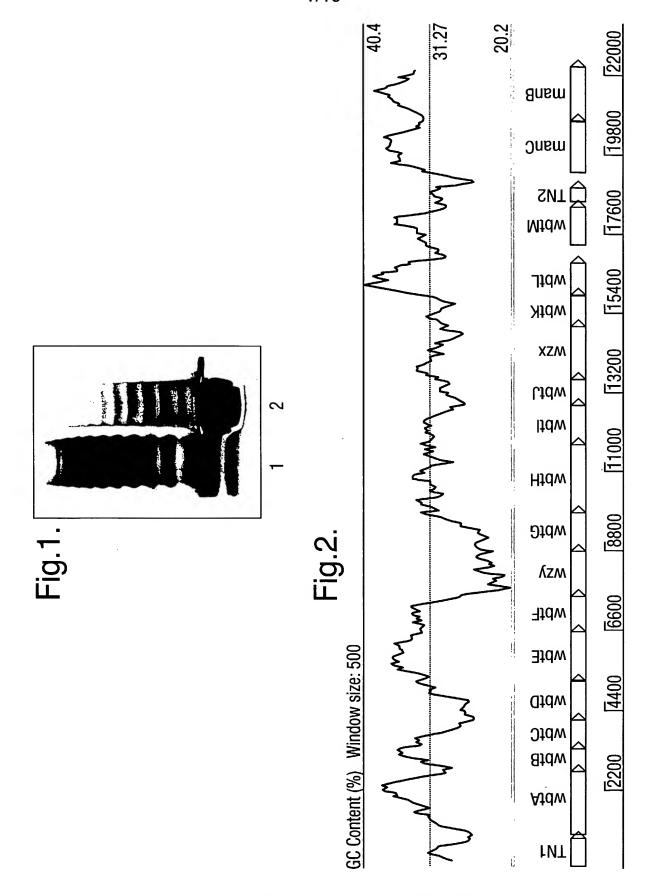
- 17. Recombinant O-antigen of *F. tularensis* obtainable by a process according to claim 14.
- 18. A vaccine comprising recombinant O-antigen according to claim 17 in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 19. A method of diagnosing infection by *F. tularensis* infection, which method comprises detecting in a sample taken from a patient suspected of having an infection a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 7.

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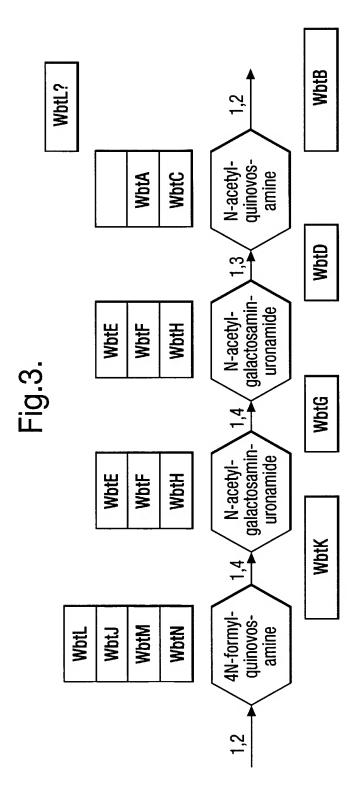
- 20. A method of differentiating between strains of F. tularensis, which method comprises selecting primers or probes which are specific for SEQ ID NO 1, and not for similar sequences in subspecies other than F. tularensis subspecies tularensis, or which produce distinguishable products when used to analyse other species, and conducting an analysis using the said primers or probes.
- 21. A method according to claim 20 wherein the analysis is conducted using a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and a pair of primers.
  - 22. A method according to claim 21 wherein the primers are specific for a start region of SEQ ID NO 1.
  - 23. A method according to claim 22 wherein the primers are of SEQ ID NO 21 and SEQ ID NO 22.

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- 24. A method according to claim 23 wherein the primers are specific for the end transposase coding region of SEQ ID NO 1.
  - 25. A method according to claim 24 wherein the primers are of SEQ ID NO 35 and SEQ ID NO 36.
- 25 26. Lipopolysaccharide (LPS) obtainable from *F. tularensis* subspecies *tularensis* for use as a vaccine against infection by *F. tularensis*.
- 27. LPS according to claim 26 where the strain of F. tularensis subspecies tularensis is the Schu4 strain.
  - 28. A pharmaceutical composition comprising LPS according to claim 26 or claim 27 in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.



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## Fig.4.

#### SEQ ID NO 41

```
1
      tcttttataa atgatgatag caaacaaaaa ataataggtt ctqtgcacaa aaaacttaaa
61
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121
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181
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## Fig.4 (Cont I).

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4861
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     tgatactcta gaggttttag cagcagctgc aactaaatgg aatttcttaa actttaagcc
     tggtcttgtt ggtggacatt gtattggtgt tgacccatat tacctaacgt acaaggcaqc
6001
6061
     tgagcttgga tatcattctc aggtaatatt atctggtcgt aggataaatg atagtatggg
6121
     taaatttgta gttgagaatt tagtcaaaaa actgatatct gcagatatac ctgttaagcg
     agctagagta qcaattttcg gctttacttt taaagaagac tgtcctgaca ctaggaatac
6181
6241
     tcqaqttata qatatqqtaa aaqaqctcaa cgaqtatqqt ataqaqccat atattataqa
     tccggtagct gataaagaag aggctaaaca tgagtatgga cttgagtttg atgatctaag
6301
     taaaatggtc aatctagatg cgatcattat tgctgttagt cacqaacagt ttaaaqatat
6361
```

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## Fig.4 (Cont II).

```
6421
     aacaaagcaa cagtttgata ggctatatgc gcataattct agaaagatta tatttgacat
6481
     caaaqqtaqt ttaqataaat ctqaqtttqa aaaaqattat atttattgga gattgtagtg
6541
     gcttacgata atgttaaatt tcctcatggt tcgttttttt tggtgactgg aggtgcgggt
6601
     tttattggct ctaatttatg tgaagtttta cttagtaagg gttatagagt taggtgttta
6661
     gatgatetet caaatggtea etateacaat gttgageegt ttttaactaa ttetaattat
6721
     gagtttataa aaggtgatat tagagattta gatacttgca tgaaagcttg tgaaggtatt
6781
     gattatgttc tacatcaagc tgcttgggga agcgtaccaa gaagtattga gatgccatta
6841
     gtgtatgaag atataaatgt taaaggtgca ttaaatatgc ttgaagcggc tagacaaaat
     aacgttaaaa aatttgtcta tgcttctagt tcatcagtat atggtgatga gccaaattta
6901
     cctaaaaaag aaggtagaga aggaaatgtt ttatcaccct atgcatttac aaagaaagct
6961
7021
     aatqaaqaqt qqqcqaqact atacacaaag ttatatqqtc tagatactta tqqtctaaqa
7081
     tattttaatg ttttcggtag aagacaagat cctaatggtg cgtatgcagc agttatacct
7141
     aaatttatca aacagttatt aaatgatgaa gcgccaacta taaatggaga tggtaaacag
7201
     tcqaqaqatt ttacatatat agagaatgtt attgaggcaa atcttaaagc atgtttagca
7261
     qataqtaaqt atqccqqaqa qtcttttaat ataqcttatq qaqqtaqaqa qtatcttata
7321
     gatttgtact ataatctttg tgatgccttg ggtaaaaaaa tagagccaaa ttttggtcca
7381
     gatagagcgg gtgatattaa gcatagtaat gctgatattt cgaaggctag gaatatgctc
7441
      qgatataatc cqqaatatqa ttttqaatta qqcataaaqc atqctqttqa qtqqtattta
7501
     attaattaaa tggtatttta atcaagtgta cataaaaaaa gtgtctttta aaattttata
7561
     tttatattta ctagcttttt gtattatttt tagtttagaa tttaaatttg ctatattgaa
7621
     tattatagtt tatcttccgg cttgtatttt gggtttttta gctcttaaaa aactatttgt
7681 cggaaatatt gttaagaaac aattagcttt cctttttttc tttttctttt tatcaatgat
7741 ttatttaata ataqtccaaa taatcttact tqatqcaqca tcattqtttc ctcaqttttt
7801 atttaacatt ttgatcgcga taggtttttg taactttatt tttgtttcat atgataataa
7861 tgaaaattat ttttttaata tgtctaaaat aatatttttt gttactttct tacaatctat
7921 ttttgtattt ctttcaaggt attatatatt tttaaatgat tggatattct tttttttagt
     gaaaaaaggg aatattgaga tttcgaatgt tattgaatat aagttaagag tattcggact
7981
8041
     tagtaacgct ggaggggatg gtttaggatt ttcaattact ataggattat gtttttctat
8101 attttatttt atcaaatata ttaaaggtaa atctatattt accaaactta tgctgtttgt
8161
     acctttaatt cttattgtgt tttctaatat tttcatatct agaacatcac tcttaacttc
8221
     ttcacttata ttgttaataa caatatttta tatatatatt aaaaaagaaa aattactgtt
     tattataata ttggcgctat tctttttatc aatatggata ttgttcaaat taaatttgaa
8281
8341
      tttgagttgg gcttttgaaa atatttactc gtacattcaa tctggcgatt tttcacatgg
      aagtctaagt gttttaatca ataaaatgct ttttgtgcca gataaccttt tgacttggat
8401
      atttggttgt gaggatgtta gtaatactga tattggttat attaaatatt tatactatta
8461
8521
     tgggattata tttagtatgt ttttttatat tcttattatt ttcttgtact ttgaaatgag
8581
     aaaatgtttt atattttcag agtatcgatc attatttcta ttgttgttaa tagtatgttt
8641 agtttttcaa gcaaaaataa tttttttgac agtaggatta tttactaaat taaccattat
8701
     attatttatt ttttctctta aagaaaacag ctttacaact aggagtgtga tttgaaaagg
8761
     tttgtacatt taataataaa ccttaaccaa ggtggtgctg aaacaatgct ttataaactt
8821
     tgcaaatcta tggataagtc aatatatcat attacgatta tatcacttat gggtagggga
8881
      gtatttgcaa ataagttaga agcttatggt gttaaagttt atacattaaa tttaaataaa
8941
      tttaatgtac tatttgtatt gtttaaatat attaagatta tcagaagaat aaagcctgat
      gttattcatg cttggatgta tcatgcaaat gtaatttcta tattatgcaa gcctttttat
9001
9061
     agaaagacta aatatataaa tagtataaga atgggattgg agaattatga tggtcataag
      aatcttacaa agtttatgat aaagttgaat gcaaaatttt ctaagttctc agatttaaca
9121
9181
      ttaaataatt caaagaaatc attagaagat catcaaaata taggttttaa aaaccaatgc
9241
      tttatagcaa atggttttga taaagatgtt tttaaaccga gctttttaaa gtatgaaaaa
9301
      tttcgtttaa ataatgattt agatgataat gttaaaatta taggtatcat agcaagaaat
9361
      catgctgata aaaatatttc tcgtttctta caaatagcta atttattgtt aaaaagtaat
9421
     cctagtttac ggtttttaat tgctggaaga gagtgttcga aaatagatat aggtagttat
9481
     ctagataaca aaagtaatgt aaataagttt tttgtatttg aatctgtgga ttctagtgaa
9541
      tacttaccag tattagattt atatttgtct acatcaaaag ttgaaqqttt tccaaatata
      cttgcagaag ccatgctatg tgaagttcct attgttgctt ctaatgttgg agattgtaaa
9601
9661
      gatatactta atggatacgg tgaagttttt gagcttagtc aaggtaataa agaaataata
```

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## Fig.4 (Cont III).

9721 gaaaagatta tgaaagtttt agaaacaacg gtagtcatga aaaagcgcat gagagaatat 9781 ataataaata attttagtat agaagctatt ttggaaaaac acgaaaaact ttatcatgag 9841 ggcagtgtct aatgtgtgga gtagtaggct tttactcatt taataaagaa gaaggttttg 9901 actcaataat taatcaatca ttgctttcta taaagcatag agggtcggat gatagtgggt 9961 attggtgcga caatcaagtt actctggggc atactagatt atcaatacac gatataacta 10021 atgcgggaca tcagccaatg ttatctaata gcggtaatac tgctattgtg tttaatggag 10081 aaatatataa ttacttatcc ataaaaaatc agctattaag tgaatattca aatcttaaat 10141 ttaaaaqtaa caqtgatact gaggttttgg tcaatgctat tgaactttgg ggtatagata 10201 aaactttaga aaaatgcata ggaatgtttg cttttggagt ttacagtaga aaaactagtt 10261 gcttaatact agctagagat agatttggcg agaagccatt atattttggt atccaaaatg 10321 gtattttggg ttttgcatca gaattgaagg cacttaagcc attaaaggaa tgtggctgga 10381 ggtttgatat agatagagat gctttagcaa catatatgag gtatgcttat gtaccaacac 10441 catactctat ttataaaaat atatctaaac taaatgtagg tagttacata aaatttgatg 10501 ctaaaggtaa tagtaaagag tataaatatt gggattctaa aaaagtacta gattcagaaa 10561 aatataaaga ttcgtatgat caagcaatcc tagatttaga aattaagctt aaaagtacac 10621 tatcaataca aatgcagtca gatgttcctc taggagcatt tttatccgga ggaattgact 10681 caacaactgt agttgctctt atgcaaagta tgtctaaaga taagataaac acttttagta 10741 taggttttaa tcaaaaagaa tataatgaag ctgagcatgc aagagcagta gcaaaacata 10801 taggtacaaa ccacacagat atgtatgtta cagaaagaga tgctcttgat gtaataccaa 10861 aacttgctgg aatatatgac gagccctttg ctgattcatc acaaatacca acgtatcttg 10921 tgagtaaaat agctaagtcg aaagtaacag ttgcactatc aggtgacgct ggtgatgagc 10981 tctttggcgg ttataataga tactttttag caccaaatat tgctaaaaaa atcaaatttg 11041 ctaagttact taaatatgca ccagatgctt ggataaaaaa agctgagata ttaaattttg 11101 gtaagttcgc tttattagca gataaactac taaaactaaa aagagttctc gaaaaagcaa 11161 aaacaaataa agagctttat gtactacttt gttcacaaat aaatgatact agctttgtgt 11221 taggagcaaa agagtatgat atattaagag ataagaatat ttatgatatt ccacaattat 11281 ctttccaaga gtggatgatg tttgttgatt ctaatacata tatgatagat gatatattgg 11341 ttaaggttga tagagcagct atggctaact ctctagagac aagagtgcca tttttagatc 11401 ataatattta tgaatttgct tattccttac caattgacta taaaatacaa cgaggtaacg 11461 gaaaaagaat tttgaaagat ttgttatata aatatgtgcc agaaagtttg gtcaataggt 11521 ctaagatggg gtttggtatt ccgcttgcta aatggttaag agaagattta cgagagtggg 11581 cagataattt actggattat agtaaaatag acaagcaagg ttacttaagt cctgaggtgg 11641 tgcaaaaata ttggcaagag catttgagtg gtaaaagaaa ttggcaagca atattatgga 11701 atattctaat ttttcaggag tggttagata atgagtaaag taaatgtaac aaaaccatac 11761 ttaccagata taaataaata taaaagctat gtaaataaaa tatacaaaaa tggatggctt 11821 actaataatg gtccgttagt gcaagagcta gaaaaaagac ttgcaaagta tctaggtgtt 11881 aaaaatatag ttttagtatc aaatggtaca attgcattag aaatcgcgta tagaqcgtta 11941 ggagtcaaag gaagtgcaat tactactcca ttttcatttg ttgctactac atcttcattq 12001 gtttctaaca atgtaaaacc agtgtttgtt gatattgatg agaatactct aagtatagac 12061 gtctctaaaa ttaagtatgc tattgaagag gatacttcag ctattgtgcc agttcatgtg 12121 tttggaaatg gttgtgaagt tgaaaaaata gacatgctqq ctaaaaaaca taacttaaaa 12181 gttatttatg atgcagcaca tgcttttgat gttaagtata agggtgagag tatattaaac 12241 tatggtgata tttcgacatt aagttttcat gcaacaaaga tttttcattc tattgaagga 12301 ggtgcgctta tcattaatga tgatagtctt gttgaaaaag ttcgttattt cattaatttt 12361 ggtatagaaa gctcagaatc aataccttac ttaggtacta atgctaaaat gaatgaattt 12421 gaggcggcta tgggactttg tgttctagat gatattatag aaattaagag caaaaggaaa 12481 gttattacag agatatatga ggctgggtta gatggattgg taaagtttca agaacagaat 12541 cagcattcta gtaggaatta tagctatttt ccagtaatat ttaggactga ggaggaactt 12601 ctcagagtac agaaagcact aatacaaaat gatataatat cgcgtagata tttttatcca 12661 tcattagata gtcttagtta tatagagcca aagcagtata tgccaatctc aagagatata 12721 tctaaaagaa tattatgttt gccaatttat gcagagttag aagacgataa aattaataaa 12781 ataattaata atatcaaaga ggtttcctca tgaaaaaaat atttgttgtt acagataata 12841 gaactattct aagtgatttt aaaaatatca ttggtagtaa aaatgatgta caggttgatt 12901 atttttgtag tttcaagagt caaacttctt ttgccaaaga aatatataac agtgagatta 12961 agccaataga tatgaaaaaa aatggcaatg atcttattqq taaqtatqat ttaqqttttt

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# Fig.4 (Cont IV).

```
13021 cttgtcattc gaaacaatta tttccagcaa aattagttaa ttcagtatta tgtataaata
13081 ttcatcctqq acttaatcca tataatagag ggtggtttcc acaqqtcttc tctattataa
13141 ataaactacc tataggagca actattcatg tgatggatga agagatagat catggagata
13201 taatcattca ggaagaagtt gaagttaatt ctttcgaaaa ctcttttgat gtttatgcta
13261 aagttcaaaa aaaagaagtt gagttgttca ctaaagtcat agatgatatt ttgaataata
13321 agttcactcg aatcaaacct aactccgaag gcaactataa ttcaattcat gattataaaa
13381 acatgtqtqa aattgattta gataaaatag taacaatgcg ggaagcaatt gactatctaa
13441 gggctatgac acacceteca tataaaaata gttattteat tgatgageat ggaaataaag
13501 tatttgttgc tcttgaactt gaaaagataa gttagaaaaa tgagccttaa aaaaaataca
13561 atatcaaatt atataacaca actatatact agettaattg gtattgttat actteetttg
13621 tatttacaac atttaagtca tgatgcattt ggtctgattg gtttttttac agtttttcaa
13681 acgtggttac ggttgttgga tgttggtata acaccaactt tatcaagaga agtggctcat
13741 gttagaggta gtactgatga ctatcattac ttacgcaagt tggttagatc gttagagcta
13801 tttttcatta ttgttggtgt tctggtattt attgtaatta gtacacattc aaggtatata
13861 tocacctott ggttacatat aggotogota gatgotgata gtgtaagtgt atgtattgca
13921 cttatgggtt taatgtttgc attaagatgg gtgtctgatc tatatggtgg tggtttgcgt
13981 ggctttgaaa gacaggttct ttataataat ttaagtatca tacaaacgac actacagttt
14041 attggtggat tattatttat ctgctatgtg tctactaata ttatgtatta ttttgtatat
14101 cagacaataa ttgcgatact atatctagta tgtattgcaa ttgcatttta taaaatacta
14161 ccatcatcat ttagcgtggg tttaaggttt gattttaaaa taattagaaa agtgcttcca
14221 tttgcactag gcattgcata ttctacaaca gtttggatta ttgtcactca atctgataaa
14281 ttagtgttct cacatgtatt accattatct gagtatggtt atttatcttt attgatagtg
14341 atatctagtg ctgttacgat attgtcctct ccgattagca tagctattca gcctagaatg
14401 acaatgctat tagcccaaca aaatgtaaaa ggaatggaaa gcttatattt aaaatcatcc
14461 ttgatctcaa ttactttttt atctgctgta gtaacatgtg ttttgatgta ttctcatcag
14521 ctgttgcagt catggacagg aagtatggaa attgctaatt ggggtagtaa tatcttaaat
14581 atatatgttt tatcagcatc tattatttgt ataatatcat ttcaatattt tttacagtat
14701 cctatagtta tatatactgc ttataattat ggagtgtata ctacagcact attatggctt
14761 ggatatgcta tagtggggct gataatctgg atgcctattg tacaccatgt atttgctaaa
14821 ggtatcaata ggtatttttt tataaattta gcagttatta ctatagtatg ttttttatta
14881 tcgttaatat ttaagggttg gtatatttat ccaagtaaaa ttgggttggt agaattaata
14941 ttgattgggt ttgcattttt atttatacaa atttgtatag agtatgtttt gtttcggtac
15001 aaggttttga ggtgtataga tgattaaagt ttcagtatgt gtgatgacat acaatcaaga
15061 aaagtatatt ggtcaatgtt tagagtcttt ggttactcaa gagactgatt ttgactttga
15121 gataatcgtt ggagatgatt tttctacaga tggtacaaga gatgttattc aagagtatca
15181 aaaaaagtat ccggatatca taaagccagt ttttagagat aagaatgtgg gaattactga
15241 aaatattaaa gaaatctatt ttgttgcaaa tggtgagtat atagctcata tggatggtga
15301 tgattatgca ttgcctggta aacttcaaat tcaggctgat tttttggata ataatccaag
15361 atgtacggga gtttttcata atataaatat actctatcca aatggtaata tacaacatag
15421 taggtttgct tgttcaaata agagtatatt caatttatca gacactttac gcggagttgc
15481 tgttggtgca aatagttcaa aaatgttcag aacatcggtt ttggatgatt tgattttacc
15541 ggatatagag cttctagatt attattttca tgttataaca gcagaaaaag gttatttaag
15601 ttttttaaat tctaatgaat cctatagtgt gtacagaaaa ggtattggta tcacatctaa
15661 gtctaaggaa aaaatctata atacttatgc tggattattt gaatattttt tggatagata
15721 tcctgaagag aaattaaata tttgtatccc tgttgtgcaa atgataattt cggctattaa
15781 agggagatgt tttattagtg ctattcgtct attcaaaatt ttaattagat caagatgtat
15841 tccattagta agttggttta aatatagatt tgaaaaataa atatcattta gaggattatg
15901 tgaaatgaag ggaataattc tagctggtgg cagtggtaca aggctatatc cacttacctt
15961 gggtgttagc aaacagctgc tacctgttta tgacaagcca ttgttatact atccactatc
16021 tqtgcttatg cttgcaggta ttagggagat attaattatc tctacagtgc gtgatatctc
16081 acttatccaa gagcttcttg gtgatggttc acaatttggt atacagttga gttataaaat
16141 ccagccatca ccagatgggc ttgctcaagc atttattctt ggtgaggagt ttttggcggg
16201 tgactcagct tgtttgatat taggagataa tatctactat ggtcaaggta tgactacaat
16261 gctagagtct gcaagagcac agtgtggagg tccagctggt ggcgcttgtg tttttqqtta
```

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# Fig.4 (Cont V).

16321 ttatgttaat gatccgcata gatatggtat agtcgaattt gataagcaaa aaaatgtaat 16381 ttcggtagag gaaaagccac agaatcctaa gtcacactat gctatcacag gtttatattt 16441 ttatgataat aatgttgttg agtatgctaa acaagtcaaa ccatctgcac gtggtgagct 16501 agagattact tcacttaatg agttatatct aaaagaaaat aagctaaatg tcgaactctt 16561 agggcgtggc tttgcttggc ttgatgctgg tacgcatgat tcattgctag aggcaggtca 16621 atatgtcgca actattgaga aaagacaagg gcttaaaatt gcatgtttgg aagaaattgc 16681 atggcgtaaa qqctttatct caacacaaca agttctagct caagctgaaa aactttctaa 16741 gacagagtat ggtcagtatc tgaagaattt aattaaggat ggtttataaa ttaatccgtc 16801 atacccatga aggtgggtat ctcataaaag ttggatatgt tttggagatt ccaatctgcg 16861 cagtaatgac aggtttggta atatatagcg atgttttaca atgactaaaa atggttttat 16921 gtatattett acaaataagg ataatactgt tetgtacata gttgtaacat etaatttgat 16981 aaaaaqaatg tatgagcata aacatagcct tgcagatggt tttactaaaa atataatgtt 17041 aataagttag tttattttga aatttatgaa gatataaaag cagcaattct gtgagaaaag 17101 cagttgaaaa aatgaaacag atcttggaaa gaacgaatta ttaatgagat gaatccgaat 17161 tggaatgatt tatatgaatt aatatgtgag taaaactttt gtcttactgg tgcagatagg 17221 tatctctaaa tatcagatgt gattgggaga ttaccgccta cgcggtaatg acaagtttat 17281 gcggtaatga tagtttagtg agagaatgac tagtcactat aggaatgatg atgtaatgag 17341 gaatgaaaaa atgaactaca aaccaaaaaa tatcctagta acaggtgcgg cgggatttat 17401 tggtagtaac tatgtgcgta tgatgttatc acgctatagt gatatcaaaa taatctcgta 17461 tgataagctt acttatgcgg gtagtttaga taatctaaaa gacttgaata atgaacataa 17521 ccatactttt ataaaaggtg atatttgtga tgaagtttta gtatatcaaa cactgaaaga 17581 atataaaatt gatacgatag tacattttgc tgcagaatcg catgttgata attcaattgc 17641 taatccaaag gtatttttag aaacgaatgt gataggtaca tttacacttt tagattgtgc 17701 taaaaggtat tggttagatg agctaggttt agaagaaact agttgtaggt ttcatcatgt 17761 atctactgat gaggtatatg gtaccttggc aaaagatgaa ccagccttta ctgagattaa 17821 ggcttatgag ccaaattcac cgtattcggc atctaaggcg ggatctgatc atatttctag 17881 agcatatcat catacctata aacttccqqt aacaatttca aattqttcaa acaactatqq 17941 accataccaa catcqaqaqa aattaatccc tqtaqtqata aataqttqta taaactacaa 18001 gcctattcct gtttacggag atggttcgaa tattcgagat tggctatatg tagaagatca 18061 ctgcgatgct atccagacaa ttgttgagaa aggagtggtt ggagaggttt ataatattgg 18121 tggtattaat gaagttgata atctaacctt ggtaaaaact atctgtaaac taatggatga 18181 atataaacca gaaaatgctc cacattctaa cttaatcaca tttgtggaag atagaaaagg 18241 acatgattgg cgttatgcta ttgataacag caagattcag aatgagttag gatggaagcc 18301 atcacaagat tttgataaga tgtttagaca aactattgag ttttatctat agcttaaata 18361 tttatcttat gagtatctct aaaaaatcaa tttaatttat ttttgtgtta aaaagtagtg 18421 ttcgcaagaa tatagttaat ccgaaagata tttgtagaaa aagatatttg tagaaatgtt 18481 ataatgtcta ataaaaatgc catcatatag ccaagatttt agagacatcg taattaataa 18541 acatgaagaa ggtatgacgg agttcgagct gagtaagttt tttaacatag ataagcgtac 18601 agttgtttca tggatagagt tttataaaag aaccggagat tatagttcaa agcaaggagt 18661 tggttgtggc agagtcgcta gctttaccga taaaacattg attgaacagt atttgataga 18721 tcatccagat gcaagtgcat tagatataaa agaagcatta gcccctgata ttccaagaag 18781 tacattttat gattgtctta atagacttgg ttttagtttt aaaaaaaqac tccaaaatat 18841 aagcaaagaa aagaacatga aaggttggag tatatagaaa aactaaaaga aatagccaat 18901 aaatttgatg tacaaatatt atatctacct ccgtactctc cagatttaaa tcctattgaa 18961 aaggtttggg ctaactatta aaaaaatatt tagaaaagtg aataatagtt ttgaaaaatt 19021 ttgtgatgct atctcttatg tgtttaacaa aatactctcg gattaactat atcatgctgc 19081 taaaatattc ttggtattct ctggtcaaaa ctgacataat gatgctctac tttgtataag 19141 gtttgctaca aatattatct aaacaaacat acaaaggtaa tttttagaga tcctattata 19201 aacctactat ctaaatttag taagttaagt tatgacaata tttaatttgc tgatttattg 19261 ttgaatatat tagctttcta tataattaat caatatcaaa gttatttagg tttttataat 19321 gattactcct attatcttat ctggaggatt cggctcaagg ctatggccac tatcacgaga 19381 ggcatcgcca aagcagttta tcggcttggt tgatgaacat agtctattag aaaatacaat 19441 taagcgacta gataatgtca aggatataac ttcacctgta gttgtctgta atgaaagtca 19501 tagattccaa gttgctgaag tgttgcggaa aatcaataaa aaaggcgata tactcctaga 19561 gccattagcc agaaatactg ctccagcaat tgcacttgca gcactacatt tagctattaa

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## Fig.4 (Cont VI).

```
19621 tgatccaaat acaattatgc tagttttagc tgctgaccat catattgaaa atctggagat
19681 ttttcatcaa gctatcgaaa aagcacagca aaaagttatt aaagatgatt ctttagttac
19741 ctttggcatt acaccaactt gtcctcatga aggctatggt tatattaaac aaggggtaca
19801 gactactgta aatggagttt ataaggtaga taaatttgtt gagaagccta gtgtggtcgt
19861 tgcacaagag tatttagata gtggcaaata ctattggaat agcggtatgt ttatgttcac
19921 agctagagtg tatttagagg ttttagagaa gttacagcca gagatttaca gaggatgtga
19981 aaaaacttat caaaagtcac agcaggattt agattttgtg cgttttgata aacaaagctt
20041 tgccctagtt caatcacagt caatagacta cgcagttatg gagaaagcaa ctaatgttgc
20101 tatagtgcct atgcaacaaa gtggctggtc tgatgttggc tcttgggact ctttgtatga
20161 tattgctgca aaagatagtt gtggtaatgt ggttattggc gatgtgatta ctagtaatgt
20221 caaaaatagt tatttacgct cgcatgatcg tttattggct gcagtcggag ttaatgattt
20281 aataattgtt gaaacagcag atgctatact tgtcgcggat aagaacaaaa ctcaagatgt
20341 caaaaaaata gtcgaagttt tgaaaattca gcagcgaagt gaattattac agcataagca
20401 aatttataaa cettggggtt cagegacaat attagaggat aagtetggtt ataagataca
20461 ggcgattcaa cttgaaccgg gcaagaagtt atcattacag caacattatc accgtagtga
20521 gcattqqatt qtqatttctq qaactqctac qqtaactatt qqtactacta aqtctattqt
20581 tagaccaaat gagtctgtat atataaaaat aggcgaatct cacagacttg aaaataatgg
20641 caagattcca gttattctta tagaagtaca agttggagaa tatataagtg aagacgatat
20701 tgttagacta gatacaagta gttaatataa aaacaattag atagaaaaaa atataatgag
20761 acaaactata ataaaagaaa taatcaaatc tagcggcgta aagtttggta ctagtggagt
20821 tagaggtett gtttcageta tgacagataa gatetgttgg etttatacaa aagettttat
20881 tcaattccta gagcaaaaat actctattgc taagggtact aaaattgcta taqctcatqa
20941 tctacgtgag agtagcccta gaataacaac agttgttatt aaagctatca tagatagtgg
21001 tcatgagcca atatactgtg gtgagatacc atcaccagct gtaatgctat atggtatatc
21061 taatcagata ccgtcagtta tggttactgg tagtcatatt ccagaggata gaaatggtat
21121 taagtttaat actccatatg gtgaagttct caaagaagat gaagaaatga ttgttagcca
21181 aactatcagc attgatgaaa gtatttttga taaaaatggc atgtttttac aaaaactaga
21241 attaccagag cctagtaagc aagcatatac acagtatatt gacaggtatg tagattttt
21301 ccctaacaac tgtctagcag gtaagactat agggctttat cagcactcat ctgtaggacg
21361 agagatagtc aaagagattc tagagaaact aggtgctaag gttatcttqc tagaattttc
21421 cgaaaaattt gtatctgtag ataccgagge aattcgccag qaaqatgtaa agcttgctaa
21481 gcagtgggca agcaagtata aagttgatag tatagtttca actgatggcg atgctgatag
21541 gccactagtt agtgatgagt atggcaattg gctaaaaggt gatattttag gtgtactgac
21601 agctaaatat ctccaagcca atgttatcgt gacaccagta agtagcaata ctgtqqcaqa
21661 aaagataggt tattttagta acqtgattag aactaaaata ggctcgccgt atgtaattgc
21721 tgcaatgaat gaattactct caaataatca aaatgctgtg gttggatatg aggcaaatgg
21781 aggatttcta ttggctagtg atatttgtaa agatgataaa actctaaaag cgctgcctac
21841 aagagatgct gttataccaa tgttggctgt aatgatgcta tctatcaact ctaataaaac
21901 cgtgtcagag cttttatttg atttgccatc tcgatataca gcaagtagta aaattgatga
21961 ttttgcttcc gagaaaagcc aagaaatctt gaagtcaata ttagcaggtg aatcagatct
22021 tttagataaa attatatcgg agcattttga tggtaaaaat agcattgaaa atatcgatac
22081 tacagatggt gttagagtaa ctttgacaaa tcaaqatatt atccatctta qaccatctgg
22141 taatgctcca gagcttaggt gctatacaga ggcagctagt gatgagcagg caaaaagttt
22201 aaatcaatat tgtgtggatt tgattaacaa aaacatttga agatcagtca aaaatattcc
22261 ctaacttttc tcttcaccat tgaaccatta ctaaccttat ctatagctag ccacagataa
22321 aaatgtcatg ctggatttat ttcagcgttt cattataaat atcaatttta ttgagatcct
22381 gaaactagtt caggatgaca g
```

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## Fig.5.

- SEQ ID NO 2 MNYHIKEVFWSIILSFLKSQKGIHTNDEAKLRLFIEAVFYVLRT
  GCQWRMLPFYYGKYRSIHKRFKDWCDKDIFSRLFKSVQNPDLQEVMLDSTIARAHACA
  TGYDKDDNQAIGRSVGRITTKIHAMTDALGNPIEILLSEDKTHDSKVAIDLLKNVYNT
  KVIADRAYHSNEIRQHIQGISSEAVIPCKSNTLNHIPFDSHVYKERHLIENFFSKIKH
  FRRVFSRFDKTILAYIGMIKLACTFIWLR
- SEQ ID NO 3 MSFYDNRTLNFVVIIVLTIITVNWTFYIFKQDVNLHFLLALVLL
  RCLSSFLLLRDYMASWRKSTQKTFLRKAFINLPVFFIVALFFYGKVTFSLIFSEFLFY
  VFLISLSVYFYWYLMNRGSVDKSKTAVIYGAGAAGTKIAQELASAGYRIKCFVDDNET
  LQKRSIDSKKVLSKAELTKLLLSSRFDLLVIALPRNANQVVKNIYKEFEKDFNQIRIM
  PPLEEILQDENFMSQLKPVSLYDLLARDTKSLDKESISNFIKNKVVLVTGAGGSIGSE
  IVHQCIKYQAKELILVDHSEFNLYKITEECSHFNINSVLCSVCDRKALAEVFQKYTPN
  IVFHAAAYKHVPLVEENISRAIRNNILGTKNAIDLAIEAGVESFILISTDKAVRPTNV
  MGATKRVCELYLQNVDPKNTKLAAVRFGNVLGSSGSVIPKFEEQIRKGGPVTVTHPEI
  TRYFMLIPEACELVLQAGAIAKNSEVFVLDMGQPVKIIDLAKQFIRLSGRGDIDIKIV
  GLRPGEKLYEELLIEEDDVSTDYKDIFIGRRTFYDINTLNQDIESLIKDDVDQLVILK
  KIVPEFEHRLNG
- SEQ ID NO 4 MFYEVFKRLLDILLSFMGLLLLSPIFLIIIFMIKKDSKGPIFFK
  QKRYGKDKQFFYIYKFRTMYVDTPKDMPTHMLQDPSKCITKVGGFLRKSSLDELPQII
  NILKGEMSIVGPRPALWNQDDLIAQRDKYGANAVPVGLTGWAQINGRDELPIPDKAKL
  DGDYVKNKSTWFDLKCIFLTVFSVFAKKGVVEGGTGALGNKEDLK
- SEQ ID NO 5 MKKRILVTGLSSYIGNSFAAKYNSDFSIDKISLRDVSWANIDLS
  GYDAVLHVAGIAHTSKDPKLKEKYYKINTQLTYDLAKQAKDQGVRQFVFLSSIIVYGD
  SAPIGQQKVITKYTEPKPDDFYGDSKLQTEIKLNSLASDDFNIAIIRPPMVYGEGSKG
  NYPKLVKLAKYTFIFPNINNQRSVISIDNLSKEIAEIILQTKHGVFLLQDNEYFCTSQ
  FIKNYRKDVLGKRTYLTKIFNPIIRLLAKKVDFINKVFGNLTYEK
- SEQ ID NO 6 MRSKLLFIANDFDIVIYRFRREVIESFAAKEYEIVLVTPYSKKA
  EVFCKSLGVKYINVDIDRRGKNPFKDLLLLFNYFKIIKKEKPDYIFSYTIKPNLYVGL
  VNLFFRKKFYPNVTGLGSVFANHGIVQKFIISLYKLSFKSTTKVFFQNEQNKKLFIAK
  KIISGEKSILLPGSGVNLDENKYVDYPKDQGILKFVFLGRIMKEKGIYELLEAFAILE
  KKYKNISLDIYGFCDENKSNFMGKVNTIKSVKFYGFTDNTKEKIASAHAVVLPSYHEG
  MSNVLLEAAAIGRPVIASDIPGCREIFDDGLSGLSCNPNDVSSLRNSLEQFINMSYTD
  KIAMSYKARAKIEKDFDRSIVVNAYLQQN
- SEQ ID NO 7 MSLYEDIVAKREKVSLVGLGYVGLPIAIAFAKKIDVLGFDICET

  KVQHYKDGFDPTKEVGDEAVRNTTMKFSCDETSLKECKFHIVAVPTPVKADKTPDLTP

  IIKASETVGRNLVKGAYVVFESTVYPGVTEDVCVPILEKESGLRSGEDFKVGYSPERI

  NPGDKVHRLETIIKVVSGMDEESLDTIAKVYELVVDAGVYRASSIKVAEAAKVIENSQ
  RDVNIAFVNELSIIFNQMGIDTLEVLAAAATKWNFLNFKPGLVGGHCIGVDPYYLTYK
  AAELGYHSQVILSGRRINDSMGKFVVENLVKKLISADIPVKRARVAIFGFTFKEDCPD

  TRNTRVIDMVKELNEYGIEPYIIDPVADKEEAKHEYGLEFDDLSKMVNLDAIIIAVSH
  EQFKDITKQQFDRLYAHNSRKIIFDIKGSLDKSEFEKDYIYWRL

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## Fig.5 (Cont I).

SEQ ID NO 8

VAYDNVKFPHGSFFLVTGGAGFIGSNLCEVLLSKGYRVRCLDDL
SNGHYHNVEPFLTNSNYEFIKGDIRDLDTCMKACEGIDYVLHQAAWGSVPRSIEMPLV
YEDINVKGALNMLEAARQNNVKKFVYASSSSVYGDEPNLPKKEGREGNVLSPYAFTKK
ANEEWARLYTKLYGLDTYGLRYFNVFGRRQDPNGAYAAVIPKFIKQLLNDEAPTINGD
GKQSRDFTYIENVIEANLKACLADSKYAGESFNIAYGGREYLIDLYYNLCDALGKKIE
PNFGPDRAGDIKHSNADISKARNMLGYNPEYDFELGIKHAVEWYLIN

SEQ ID NO 9

VYIKKVSFKILYLYLLAFCIIFSLEFKFAILNIIVYLPACILGF
LALKKLFVGNIVKKQLAFLFFFFFLSMIYLIIVQIILLDAASLFPQFLFNILIAIGFC
NFIFVSYDNNENYFFNMSKIIFFVTFLQSIFVFLSRYYIFLNDWIFFFLVKKGNIEIS
NVIEYKLRVFGLSNAGGDGLGFSITIGLCFSIFYFIKYIKGKSIFTKLMLFVPLILIV
FSNIFISRTSLLTSSLILLITIFYIYIKKEKLLFIIILALFFLSIWILFKLNLNLSWA
FENIYSYIQSGDFSHGSLSVLINKMLFVPDNLLTWIFGCEDVSNTDIGYIKYLYYYGI
IFSMFFYILIIFLYFEMRKCFIFSEYRSLFLLLLIVCLVFQAKIIFLTVGLFTKLTII
LFIFSLKENSFTTRSVI

SEQ ID NO 10

LKRFVHLIINLNQGGAETMLYKLCKSMDKSIYHITIISLMGRGV
FANKLEAYGVKVYTLNLNKFNVLFVLFKYIKIIRRIKPDVIHAWMYHANVISILCKPF
YRKTKYINSIRMGLENYDGHKNLTKFMIKLNAKFSKFSDLTLNNSKKSLEDHQNIGFK
NQCFIANGFDKDVFKPSFLKYEKFRLNNDLDDNVKIIGIIARNHADKNISRFLQIANL
LLKSNPSLRFLIAGRECSKIDIGSYLDNKSNVNKFFVFESVDSSEYLPVLDLYLSTSK
VEGFPNILAEAMLCEVPIVASNVGDCKDILNGYGEVFELSQGNKEIIEKIMKVLETTV
VMKKRMREYIINNFSIEAILEKHEKLYHEGSV

SEQ ID NO 11

MCGVVGFYSFNKEEGFDSIINQSLLSIKHRGSDDSGYWCDNQVT
LGHTRLSIHDITNAGHQPMLSNSGNTAIVFNGEIYNYLSIKNQLLSEYSNLKFKSNSD
TEVLVNAIELWGIDKTLEKCIGMFAFGVYSRKTSCLILARDRFGEKPLYFGIQNGILG
FASELKALKPLKECGWRFDIDRDALATYMRYAYVPTPYSIYKNISKLNVGSYIKFDAK
GNSKEYKYWDSKKVLDSEKYKDSYDQAILDLEIKLKSTLSIQMQSDVPLGAFLSGGID
STTVVALMQSMSKDKINTFSIGFNQKEYNEAEHARAVAKHIGTNHTDMYVTERDALDV
IPKLAGIYDEPFADSSQIPTYLVSKIAKSKVTVALSGDAGDELFGGYNRYFLAPNIAK
KIKFAKLLKYAPDAWIKKAEILNFGKFALLADKLLKLKRVLEKAKTNKELYVLLCSQI
NDTSFVLGAKEYDILRDKNIYDIPQLSFQEWMMFVDSNTYMIDDILVKVDRAAMANSL
ETRVPFLDHNIYEFAYSLPIDYKIQRGNGKRILKDLLYKYVPESLVNRSKMGFGIPLA
KWLREDLREWADNLLDYSKIDKQGYLSPEVVQKYWQEHLSGKRNWQAILWNILIFQEW
LDNE

SEQ ID NO 12

MSKVNVTKPYLPDINKYKSYVNKIYKNGWLTNNGPLVQELEKRL
AKYLGVKNIVLVSNGTIALEIAYRALGVKGSAITTPFSFVATTSSLVSNNVKPVFVDI
DENTLSIDVSKIKYAIEEDTSAIVPVHVFGNGCEVEKIDMLAKKHNLKVIYDAAHAFD
VKYKGESILNYGDISTLSFHATKIFHSIEGGALIINDDSLVEKVRYFINFGIESSESI
PYLGTNAKMNEFEAAMGLCVLDDIIEIKSKRKVITEIYEAGLDGLVKFQEQNQHSSRN
YSYFPVIFRTEEELLRVQKALIQNDIISRRYFYPSLDSLSYIEPKQYMPISRDISKRI
LCLPIYAELEDDKINKIINNIKEVSS

SEQ ID NO 13

MKKIFVVTDNRTILSDFKNIIGSKNDVQVDYFCSFKSQTSFAKE IYNSEIKPIDMKKNGNDLIGKYDLGFSCHSKQLFPAKLVNSVLCINIHPGLNPYNRGW FPQVFSIINKLPIGATIHVMDEEIDHGDIIIQEEVEVNSFENSFDVYAKVQKKEVELF TKVIDDILNNKFTRIKPNSEGNYNSIHDYKNMCEIDLDKIVTMREAIDYLRAMTHPPY KNSYFIDEHGNKVFVALELEKIS

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### Fig.5 (Cont II).

SEQ ID NO 14 MSLKKNTISNYITQLYTSLIGIVILPLYLQHLSHDAFGLIGFFT

VFQTWLRLLDVGITPTLSREVAHVRGSTDDYHYLRKLVRSLELFFIIVGVLVFIVIST

HSRYISTSWLHIGSLDADSVSVCIALMGLMFALRWVSDLYGGGLRGFERQVLYNNLSI

IQTTLQFIGGLLFICYVSTNIMYYFVYQTIIAILYLVCIAIAFYKILPSSFSVGLRFD

FKIIRKVLPFALGIAYSTTVWIIVTQSDKLVFSHVLPLSEYGYLSLLIVISSAVTILS

SPISIAIQPRMTMLLAQQNVKGMESLYLKSSLISITFLSAVVTCVLMYSHQLLQSWTG

SMEIANWGSNILNIYVLSASIICIISFQYFLQYAYGKLKLHNTYNTISLVFFAPIVIY

TAYNYGVYTTALLWLGYAIVGLIIWMPIVHHVFAKGINRYFFINLAVITIVCFLLSLI

FKGWYIYPSKIGLVELILIGFAFLFIQICIEYVLFRYKVLRCIDD

SEQ ID NO 15 MIKVSVCVMTYNQEKYIGQCLESLVTQETDFDFEIIVGDDFSTD
GTRDVIQEYQKKYPDIIKPVFRDKNVGITENIKEIYFVANGEYIAHMDGDDYALPGKL
QIQADFLDNNPRCTGVFHNINILYPNGNIQHSRFACSNKSIFNLSDTLRGVAVGANSS
KMFRTSVLDDLILPDIELLDYYFHVITAEKGYLSFLNSNESYSVYRKGIGITSKSKEK
IYNTYAGLFEYFLDRYPEEKLNICIPVVQMIISAIKGRCFISAIRLFKILIRSRCIPL
VSWFKYRFEK

SEQ ID NO 16 MKGIILAGGSGTRLYPLTLGVSKQLLPVYDKPLLYYPLSVLMLA
GIREILIISTVRDISLIQELLGDGSQFGIQLSYKIQPSPDGLAQAFILGEEFLAGDSA
CLILGDNIYYGQGMTTMLESARAQCGGPAGGACVFGYYVNDPHRYGIVEFDKQKNVIS
VEEKPQNPKSHYAITGLYFYDNNVVEYAKQVKPSARGELEITSLNELYLKENKLNVEL
LGRGFAWLDAGTHDSLLEAGQYVATIEKRQGLKIACLEEIAWRKGFISTQQVLAQAEK
LSKTEYGOYLKNLIKDGL

SEQ ID NO 17

MTSHYRNDDVMRNEKMNYKPKNILVTGAAGFIGSNYVRMMLSRY

SDIKIISYDKLTYAGSLDNLKDLNNEHNHTFIKGDICDEVLVYQTLKEYKIDTIVHFA

AESHVDNSIANPKVFLETNVIGTFTLLDCAKRYWLDELGLEETSCRFHHVSTDEVYGT

LAKDE PAFTEIKAYE PNSPYSASKAGSDHISRAYHHTYKLPVTISNCSNNYGPYQHRE

KLIPVVINSCINYKPIPVYGDGSNIRDWLYVEDHCDAIQTIVEKGVVGEVYNIGGINE

VDNLTLVKTICKLMDEYKPENAPHSNLITFVEDRKGHDWRYAIDNSKIQNELGWKPSQ

DFDKMFRQTIEFYL

SEQ ID NO 18 MPSYSQDFRDIVINKHEEGMTEFELSKFFNIDKRTVVSWIEFYK
RTGDYSSKQGVGCGRVASFTDKTLIEQYLIDHPDASALDIKEALAPDIPRSTFYDCLN
RLGFSFKKRLQNISKEKNMKGWSI

SEQ ID NO 19 MITPIILSGGFGSRLWPLSREASPKQFIGLVDEHSLLENTIKRL

DNVKDITSPVVVCNESHRFQVAEVLRKINKKGDILLEPLARNTAPAIALAALHLAIND

PNTIMLVLAADHHIENLEIFHQAIEKAQQKVIKDDSLVTFGITPTCPHEGYGYIKQGV

QTTVNGVYKVDKFVEKPSVVVAQEYLDSGKYYWNSGMFMFTARVYLEVLEKLQPEIYR

GCEKTYQKSQQDLDFVRFDKQSFALVQSQSIDYAVMEKATNVAIVPMQQSGWSDVGSW

DSLYDIAAKDSCGNVVIGDVITSNVKNSYLRSHDRLLAAVGVNDLIIVETADAILVAD

KNKTQDVKKIVEVLKIQQRSELLQHKQIYKPWGSATILEDKSGYKIQAIQLEPGKKLS

LQQHYHRSEHWIVISGTATVTIGTTKSIVRPNESVYIKIGESHRLENNGKIPVILIEV

QVGEYISEDDIVRLDTSS

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## Fig.5 (Cont III).

SEQ ID NO 20

MRQTIIKEIIKSSGVKFGTSGVRGLVSAMTDKICWLYTKAFIQF
LEQKYSIAKGTKIAIAHDLRESSPRITTVVIKAIIDSGHEPIYCGEIPSPAVMLYGIS
NQIPSVMVTGSHIPEDRNGIKFNTPYGEVLKEDEEMIVSQTISIDESIFDKNGMFLQK
LELPEPSKQAYTQYIDRYVDFFPNNCLAGKTIGLYQHSSVGREIVKEILEKLGAKVIL
LEFSEKFVSVDTEAIRQEDVKLAKQWASKYKVDSIVSTDGDADRPLVSDEYGNWLKGD
ILGVLTAKYLQANVIVTPVSSNTVAEKIGYFSNVIRTKIGSPYVIAAMNELLSNNQNA
VVGYEANGGFLLASDICKDDKTLKALPTRDAVIPMLAVMMLSINSNKTVSELLFDLPS
RYTASSKIDDFASEKSQEILKSILAGESDLLDKIISEHFDGKNSIENIDTTDGVRVTL
TNQDIIHLRPSGNAPELRCYTEAASDEQAKSLNQYCVDLINKNI

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## Fig.6.

SEQ ID NO 1

atatttatttttgtgcacagaacctaatttgcatttttgtgcacaaagaaaatttttttg atataatagactttaataggatattttctaaaaattaacaaatgtctttctacgataata gaacgcttaatttcgtggtaataatagttttaactattattactgttaattggactttct atattttcaagcaagatgttaatttacatttttacttgcattagttttgctgagatgct tgtcatcttttttactacttagagattatatggctagttggcgtaagtcgactcaaaaaa cttttttacgtaaggcttttattaatttgccagtatttttcatagtggcattatttttt atggcaaagtcactttttcgttgatattctctgagtttttattttatgttttttgatca gtttaagtgtctacttttattggtatttgatgaacagaggatcagtggataaaagtaaaa ctgcggttatttatggtgcaggtgctgcaggaacaaagattgctcaagaacttgcttctg ctggttatcgcatcaaatgttttgttgatgacaatgaaactttacaaaaaagaagtattg atagtaaaaaggttctatctaaagctgaattaacaaaactattgctatctagtagatttg aatttgaaaaggattttaatcagattagaattatgccgcctcttgaggaaattcttcaag atgagaattttatgtcacagttgaagcctgtttcactctatgatctattagcgcgtgata ctaagagtttagataaagaatctatctctaattttatcaaaaataaggtggtgctagtca caggagctggaggtagtataggttctgaaatagtacatcaatgtatcaagtatcaggcaa aagagttgatattggttgatcatagtgagtttaacttatataaaattactgaggagtgta gtcattttaatatcaatagtgtgctatgttctgtttgtgatagaaaagcattggctgagg tttttcaaaagtatactccaaatatagtatttcatgctgctgcctacaagcatgttccct tagttgaggagaatatctctagagcaattagaaataatatcttaggtactaagaatgcta tagatctggctatagaagctggtgttgagtcatttatattgatttccactgataaagcag tgcgaccaacgaatgttatgggggctaccaagagagtttgtgagctgtatttacagaatg ttgatcccaaaataccaagcttgctgcagtgcgttttggtaatgtgcttggtagtagtg gcagtgtgattccaaaatttgaagagcaaataagaaaaggtggtcctgttacagttactc atcctgaaattacacgttattttatgttgataccagaagcttgtgaactggtcctacaag ctggtgctattgcaaaaattcagaggtctttgtcttagatatggggcaacctgtcaaga ttattgatcttgctaaacaatttattagactttctggtagaggtgatattgatattaaaa tagttggtttgcgtccaggagagaaactttacgaagagcttttgatagaggaagatgatg ttagtaccgactataaagatatttttattggtagaaggactttttacgatattaatactc taaaccaagatattgaatcgttgatcaaggatgatgttgatcagcttgtgatattaaaga aaattgttccggaatttgaacatagattgaatgggtagtggttttatgttttatgaggtt tttaaaagattgcttgatattttacttttttatggggttgttgttattaagtcctatt ttcttaattatttttatgataaagaaagattcaaaaggacctatattttttaaacaa gatactccaaaagatatgccaacgcacatgttacaggatccatcgaaatgtataactaag gttggaggatttttaaggaaatcatctttagatgagttgccacaaattataaatattcta aaaggtgaaatgagcatcgtgggtccaagaccagcattatggaatcaagatgacttaata attaatggtagggatgaattaccaatacctgataaagctaaacttgatggtgattatgta aaaaataaaagtacatggtttgatttaaaatgtatttttttgacagtattttctgttttt gccaaaaagggcgtcgttgagggtggtactggagctttaggtaacaaagaggatttaaag tagtatgaaaaaaagaatcttagttacaggtttgagtagctatattggtaactcatttgc ggctaaatataactcagattttagtatcgataaaatatctttgcgcgatgtttcgtgggc aaatatagacttaagtggttatgatgctgtattgcatgtcgctggaattgcccatacttc ggcaaaacaagctaaagatcaaggtgttcgacagtttgtgtttttaagtagtattatagt ttatggtgatagtgcgccaataggtcaacaaaagttataactaaatataccgaacctaa accagatgatttttatggagatagtaagcttcaaactgaaattaagctaaatagcctggc tagtgatgactttaatattgctataatcagaccaccaatggtatatggagaaggctcaaa aggcaactatccaaagttggttaaacttgcaaagtatacttttatttttcctaatattaa taaccaaagaagtgttatatctatagataatttatctaaagagattgcagaaataatttt gcaaactaaacatggagtttttctacttcaagataatgaatatttttgcacttcacagtt

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# Fig.6 (Cont I).

tataaaaaactatagaaaagatqttttaggtaagagaacttatctgacaaaaatttttaa tccaattataagattgcttgctaaaaaagtagattttattaataaagtttttgggaattt gacttatgagaagtaagttattattcatagctaatgattttgatattgtaatatatcgtt tcagaagagaagtaatcgagtcttttgctgctaaagagtatgagatagtactagtaacac catattctaagaaagcagaggttttttgtaaaagtcttggtgttaagtatataaatgttg aaataataaaaaaagaaaaacctgattacatttttagctatacaattaaaccaaatttgt atgttgggttagtgaatttgttttttaggaagaagttttatccaaatgtaacaggcttag gaagtgtttttgctaatcatggtattgttcagaagtttataatatctttatataagttat ctaagaaaataatcagtggagaaaaatcaatattattaccaggttctggggtaaacttag atgaaaataaatatgttgactatcctaaagaccaaggaatattaaaattcgtttttcttg gccgaataatgaaagaaaaggggatttatgaattgttagaagcctttgctatacttgaga ttatgggaaaggttaatacgataaaatcagtaaaattttatggttttactgataatacta aagaaaaaatagctagtgcacatgcagttgttttgccatcttaccatgaaggaatgtcaa atgtgctgttagaagcagctgcgataggtagacctgtaattgcgtcagatattcctgggt gtagagaaatttttgatgatggtctctctggcttatcatgtaaccctaatgatgtgagtt ctttacgtaactcattagagcagtttataaatatgtcgtatactgataaaatagctatga gctataaagctagagctaagatagaaaaagattttgatagaagtattgttqtcaatgcat acttacagcaaaattaataataagggtttaaattatgagtttatatgaggatatagtcgc taaaagagaaaaggtttcattggttggcttgggttatgttggtttaccaatagctattgc atttgcaaaaaaatagatgtgttaggatttgatatttgtgaaacaaaagttcaacatta taaggatggttttgatccaacaaaagaagtaggagatgaggctgtcagaaatacgacaat gaaatttagttgtgatgaaacaagtcttaaagagtgtaaatttcatattgttgcagttcc tacaccagttaaagcagataaaactcctgatttgacgccgattattaaggcaaqtgagac ggttggtaggaatcttgtcaaaggcgcttatgttgtgttttgaatcaactgtttatcctgg tgttacagaagatgtttgcgtaccaatacttgaaaaagagtctggcttgaggtctggtga agatttcaaagttggttactctcctgagaggataaatcctggtgataaggttcataggtt agaaacaattatcaaagtagtatctggtatggatgaagagtctttagatactatagcaaa agtttatgagctagtagtagacgcaggagtttatagagctagtagtataaaaqtqqctqa agctgctaaggttatagaaaactctcaaagagatgttaatatagcttttgttaatgagtt atcgataatatttaatcagatgggtattgatactctagaggttttagcagcagctgcaac taaatggaatttettaaaetttaageetggtettgttggtggaeattgtattggtgttga cccatattacctaacgtacaaggcagctgagcttggatatcattctcaggtaatattatc tggtcgtaggataaatgatagtatgggtaaatttgtagttgagaatttagtcaaaaaact gatatctgcagatatacctgttaagcgagctagagtagcaattttcggctttacttttaa agaagactgtcctgacactaggaatactcgagttatagatatggtaaaagagctcaacga gtatggtatagagccatatattatagatccggtagctgataaagaagaggctaaacatga gtatggacttgagtttgatgatctaagtaaaatggtcaatctagatgcgatcattattgc tgttagtcacgaacagtttaaagatataacaaagcaacagtttgataggctatatgcgca taattctagaaagattatatttgacatcaaaggtagtttagataaatctgagtttgaaaa agattatatttattggagattgtagtggcttacgataatgttaaatttcctcatqqttcq ttttttttggtgactggaggtgcgggttttattggctctaatttatgtgaagttttactt agtaagggttatagagttaggtgtttagatgatctctcaaatggtcactatcacaatgtt gagccgtttttaactaattctaattatgagtttataaaaggtgatattagagatttagat acttgcatgaaagcttgtgaaggtattgattatgttctacatcaagctgcttggggaagc gtaccaagaagtattgagatgccattagtgtatgaagatataaatgttaaaggtgcatta aatatgcttgaagcggctagacaaaataacgttaaaaaatttgtctatgcttctagttca tcagtatatggtgatgagccaaatttacctaaaaaagaaggtagagaaggaaatgtttta tcaccctatgcatttacaaagaaagctaatgaagagtgggcgagactatacacaaagtta tatggtctagatacttatggtctaagatattttaatgttttcggtagaagacaagatcct aatggtgcgtatgcagcagttatacctaaatttatcaaacagttattaaatgatgaagcg ccaactataaatggagatggtaaacagtcgagagattttacatatatagagaatgttatt gaggcaaatcttaaagcatgtttagcagatagtaagtatgccggagagtcttttaatata

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# Fig.6 (Cont II).

gcttatggaggtagagagtatcttatagatttgtactataatctttgtgatgccttgggt aaaaaaatagagccaaattttggtccagatagagcgggtgatattaagcatagtaatgct gatatttcgaaggctaggaatatgctcggatataatccggaatatgattttqaattagqc ataaagcatgctgttgagtggtatttaattaattaaatggtattttaatcaagtgtacat aaaaaaagtgtcttttaaaattttatatttatatttactagctttttgtattatttttag tttagaatttaaatttgctatattgaatattatagtttatcttccggcttgtattttggg ttttttagctcttaaaaaactatttgtcggaaatattgttaagaaacaattagctttcct ttttttcttttttttatcaatgatttatttaataatagtccaaataatcttacttga tgcagcatcattgtttcctcagtttttatttaacattttgatcgcgataggtttttgtaa ctttatttttgtttcatatgataataatgaaaattattttttaatatgtctaaaataat aaatgattggatattcttttttttagtgaaaaaagggaatattgagatttcqaatqttat tgaatataagttaagagtattcggacttagtaacgctggaggggatggtttaggattttcaattactataggattatgtttttctatattttatttatcaaatatattaaaggtaaatc  ${\tt tatatttaccaaacttatgctgtttgtacctttaattcttattgtgttttctaatatttt}$ catatctagaacatcactcttaacttcttcacttatattqttaataacaatattttatat atatattaaaaaagaaaaattactgtttattataatattgqcqctattctttttatcaat atggatattgttcaaattaaatttgaatttgagttgggcttttgaaaatatttactcgta cattcaatctggcgatttttcacatggaagtctaagtgttttaatcaataaaatgctttt tgtgccagataaccttttgacttggatatttggttgtgaggatqttaqtaatactgatat tggttatattaaatatttatactattatgggattatatttagtatgtttttttatattct tattattttcttgtactttgaaatgagaaaatgttttatattttcagagtatcgatcatt atttctattgttgttaatagtatgtttagtttttcaagcaaaataatttttttgacagt aggattatttactaaattaaccattatattatttattttttctcttaaagaaaacagctt tacaactaggagtgtgatttgaaaaggtttgtacatttaataataaaccttaaccaaggt ggtgctgaaacaatgctttataaactttgcaaatctatggataagtcaatatatcatatt acgattatatcacttatgggtagggggtatttgcaaataagttagaaqcttatggtgtt aaagtttatacattaaatttaaatttaatgtactatttgtattgtttaaatatatt aagattatcagaagaataaagcctgatgttattcatgcttggatgtatcatqcaaatgta atttctatattatgcaagcctttttatagaaagactaaatatataaatagtataagaatg ggattggagaattatgatggtcataagaatcttacaaagtttatqataaaqttqaatqca aaattttctaagttctcagatttaacattaaataattcaaagaaatcattaqaaqatcat caaaatataggttttaaaaaccaatgctttatagcaaatggttttgataaagatgtttt aaaccgagctttttaaagtatgaaaaatttcgtttaaataatgatttagatgataatgtt aaaattataggtatcatagcaagaaatcatgctgataaaaatatttctcgtttcttacaa atagctaatttattgttaaaaagtaatcctagtttacggtttttaattgctggaagagag tgttcgaaaatagatataggtagttatctagataacaaaagtaatgtaaataagtttttt gtatttgaatctgtggattctagtgaatacttaccagtattagatttatatttgtctaca tcaaaagttgaaggttttccaaatatacttgcagaagccatgctatgtgaagttcctatt gttgcttctaatgttggagattgtaaagatatacttaatggatacggtgaaqtttttqaq cttagtcaaggtaataaagaaataatagaaaagattatgaaagttttagaaacaacggta gtcatgaaaaagcgcatgagagaatatataataaataattttagtatagaagctattttg gaaaaacacgaaaaactttatcatgagggcagtgtctaatgtgtggagtagtaggctttt agcatagagggtcggatgatagtgggtattggtgcqacaatcaagttactctggggcata ctagattatcaatacacgatataactaatgcgggacatcagccaatgttatctaatagcg gtaatactgctattgtgtttaatggagaaatatataattacttatccataaaaaatcagc tattaagtgaatattcaaatcttaaatttaaaagtaacagtgatactgaggttttggtca atgctattgaactttggggtatagataaaactttagaaaaatgcataggaatgtttgctt agccattatattttggtatccaaaatggtattttgggttttgcatcagaattgaaggcac atatgaggtatgcttatgtaccaacaccatactctatttataaaaatatatctaaactaa atgtaggtagttacataaaatttgatgctaaaggtaatagtaaaqagtataaatattggg attctaaaaaagtactagattcagaaaaatataaagattcgtatgatcaagcaatcctag

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## Fig.6 (Cont III).

atttagaaattaagcttaaaagtacactatcaatacaaatgcagtcagatgttcctctag gagcatttttatccggaggaattgactcaacaactgtagttgctcttatgcaaagtatgt ctaaaqataaqataaacacttttaqtataqqttttaatcaaaaaqaatataatqaaqctq aaagagatgctcttgatgtaataccaaaacttgctggaatatatgacqaqccctttqctq attcatcacaaataccaacgtatcttgtgagtaaaataqctaagtcqaaaqtaacaqttq cactatcaggtgacgctggtgatgagctctttggcggttataatagatactttttagcac caaatattgctaaaaaaatcaaatttgctaagttacttaaatatgcaccagatgcttgga taaaaaaagctgagatattaaattttggtaagttcgctttattagcagataaactactaa aactaaaaagagttctcgaaaaagcaaaaacaaataaagagctttatgtactactttgtt cacaaataaatgatactagctttgtgttaggagcaaaagagtatgatatattaagagata atacatatatgatagatgatatattggttaaggttgatagagcagctatggctaactctc tagagacaagagtgccatttttagatcataatatttatgaatttqcttattccttaccaa ttgactataaaatacaacgaggtaacggaaaaagaattttgaaagatttgttatataaat atgtgccagaaagtttggtcaataggtctaagatggggtttggtattccgcttgctaaat ggttaagagaagatttacgagagtgggcagataatttactggattatagtaaaatagaca agcaaggttacttaagtcctgaggtggtgcaaaaatattggcaagagcatttgagtggta aaagaaattggcaagcaatattatggaatattctaatttttcaqqaqtqqttaqataatq agtaaagtaaatgtaacaaaaccatacttaccaqatataaataaatataaaagctatgta aataaaatatacaaaaatggatggcttactaataatggtccgttagtgcaagagctagaa aaaagacttgcaaagtatctaggtgttaaaaatatagttttagtatcaaatggtacaatt gcattagaaatcgcgtatagagcgttaggagtcaaaggaagtgcaattactactccattt tcatttgttgctactacatcttcattggtttctaacaatqtaaaaccagtgtttgttgat attgatgagaatactctaagtatagacgtctctaaaattaagtatgctattgaagaggat acttcagctattgtgccagttcatgtgtttggaaatggttgtgaagttqaaaaaatagac atgctggctaaaaaacataacttaaaagttatttatgatgcagcacatgcttttqatgtt aagtataagggtgagagtatattaaactatggtgatatttcgacattaagttttcatgca acaaagatttttcattctattgaaggaggtgcgcttatcattaatgatgatagtcttgtt ggtactaatgctaaaatgaatgaatttgaggcggctatgggactttgtgttctagatgat attatagaaattaagagcaaaaggaaagttattacagagatatatgaggctgggttagat ggattggtaaagtttcaagaacagaatcagcattctagtaggaattatagctattttcca gtaatatttaggactgaggaggaacttctcagagtacagaaagcactaatacaaaatgat ataatatcgcgtagatatttttatccatcattagatagtcttagttatatagagccaaag cagtatatgccaatctcaagagatatatctaaaagaatattatgtttgccaatttatgca gagttagaagacgataaaattaataaaaattaataataatatcaaagaggtttcctcatga aaaaaatatttgttgttacagataatagaactattctaagtgattttaaaaaatatcattg gtagtaaaaatgatgtacaggttgattatttttgtagtttcaagagtcaaacttcttttg ttattggtaagtatgatttaggtttttcttgtcattcgaaacaattatttccaqcaaaat tagttaattcagtattatgtataaatattcatcctggacttaatccatataatagagggt ggtttccacaggtcttctctattataaataaactacctataggagcaactattcatgtga tggatgaagagatagatcatggagatataatcattcaggaagaagttgaagttaattctt aagtcatagatgatattttgaataataagttcactcgaatcaaacctaactccgaaggca actataattcaattcatgattataaaaacatgtgtgaaattgatttagataaaatagtaa caatgcgggaagcaattgactatctaagggctatgacacaccctccatataaaaatagtt atttcattgatgagcatggaaataaagtatttgttgctcttgaacttgaaaagataagtt agaaaaatgagccttaaaaaaaatacaatatcaaattatataacacaactatatactagc ttaattggtattgttatacttcctttgtatttacaacatttaagtcatgatgcatttggt ctgattggtttttttacagtttttcaaacgtggttacqgttqttqqatqttqqtataaca ccaactttatcaagagaagtggctcatgttagaggtagtactgatgactatcattactta gtaattagtacacattcaaggtatatatccacctcttggttacatataggctcqctagat

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# Fig.6 (Cont IV).

gctgatagtgtaagtgtatgtattgcacttatgggtttaatgttttgcattaagatgggtg tctgatctatatggtggttggtttgcgtggctttgaaagacaggttctttataataattta actaatattatgtattattttgtatatcagacaataattgcgatactatatctagtatgt attgcaattgcattttataaaatactaccatcatttagcgtgggtttaaggtttgat tttaaaataattagaaaagtgcttccatttgcactaggcattgcatattctacaacagtt tggattattgtcactcaatctgataaattagtgttctcacatgtattaccattatctgag tatggttatttatctttattgatagtgatatctagtgctgttacgatattgtcctctccg attagcatagctattcagcctagaatgacaatgctattagcccaacaaaatgtaaaagga atggaaagettatatttaaaateateettgateteaattaettttttatetgetgtagta acatgtgttttgatgtattctcatcagctgttgcagtcatggacaggaagtatggaaatt gctaattggggtagtaatatcttaaatatatatgttttatcagcatctattatttgtata atatcatttcaatattttttacagtatgcttatggtaagttaaagctacataatacatat gtgtatactacagcactattatggcttggatatgctatagtggggctgataatctggatg gttattactatagtatgttttttattatcgttaatatttaagggttggtatatttatcca tgtatagagtatgttttgtttcggtacaaggttttgaggtgtatagatgattaaagtttc agtatgtgtgatgacatacaatcaagaaaagtatattggtcaatgtttagagtctttggt tactcaagagactgattttgactttgagataatcgttggagatgatttttctacagatgg tacaagagatgttattcaagagtatcaaaaaaagtatccggatatcataaagccagtttt tagagataagaatgtgggaattactgaaaatattaaagaaatctattttgttgcaaatgg tgagtatatagctcatatggatggtgatgattatgcattgcctggtaaacttcaaattca ggctgattttttggataataatccaagatgtacgggagtttttcataatataaatatact ctatccaaatggtaatatacaacatagtaggtttgcttgttcaaataaqagtatattcaa tttatcagacactttacgcggagttgctgttggtgcaaatagttcaaaaatgttcaqaac atcggttttggatgatttgattttaccggatatagagcttctagattattattttcatgt tataacagcagaaaaaggttatttaagttttttaaattctaatgaatcctatagtgtgta cagaaaaggtattggtatcacatctaagtctaaggaaaaaatctataatacttatqctqq attatttgaatattttttggatagatatcctgaagagaaattaaatatttgtatccctgt tgtgcaaatgataatttcggctattaaagggagatgttttattagtgctattcgtctatt caaaattttaattagatcaagatgtattccattagtaagttggtttaaatatagatttga aaaataaatatcatttagaggattatgtgaaatgaagggaataattctagctggtggcag tggtacaaggctatatccacttaccttgggtgttagcaaacagctgctacctgtttatga caagccattgttatactatccactatctgtgcttatgcttgcaggtattagggagatatt aattatctctacagtgcgtgatatctcacttatccaagagcttcttggtgatggttcaca atttggtatacagttgagttataaaatccagccatcaccagatgggcttgctcaagcatt tattcttggtgaggagttttttggcgggtgactcagcttgtttgatattaggagataatat ctactatggtcaaggtatgactacaatgctagagtctgcaagagcacagtgtggaggtcc agctggtggcgcttgtgttttttggttattatgttaatgatccgcatagatatqqtataqt cgaatttgataagcaaaaaaatgtaatttcggtagaggaaaagccacagaatcctaagtc acactatgctatcacaggtttatatttttatgataataatgttgttgagtatgctaaaca agtcaaaccatctgcacgtggtgagctagagattacttcacttaatgagttatatctaaa agaaaataagctaaatgtegaaetettagggegtggetttgettggettqatqetqqtae gcatgattcattgctagaggcaggtcaatatgtcgcaactattgagaaaagacaagggct taaaattgcatgtttggaagaaattgcatggcgtaaaggctttatctcaacacaacaaqt tctagctcaagctgaaaaactttctaagacagagtatggtcagtatctgaagaatttaat taaggatggtttataaattaatccgtcatacccatgaaggtgggtatctcataaaagttg gatatgttttggagattccaatctgcgcagtaatgacaggtttggtaatatatagcgatg ttttacaatgactaaaaatggttttatgtatattcttacaaataaggataatactgttct gtacatagttgtaacatctaatttgataaaaagaatgtatgagcataaacatagccttgc agatggttttactaaaaatataatgttaataagttagtttattttqaaatttatqaagat ataaaaqcaqcaattctqtqaqaaaaqcaqttqaaaaaatqaaacaqatcttqqaaaqaa cgaattattaatgagatgaatccgaattggaatgatttatatgaattaatatgtgagtaa

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## Fig.6 (Cont V).

aacttttgtcttactggtgcagataggtatctctaaatatcagatgtgattgggagatta ccgcctacgcggtaatgacaagtttatgcggtaatgatagtttagtgagagaatgactag tcactataggaatgatgatgtaatgaggaatgaaaaaatgaactacaaaccaaaaaatat cctagtaacaggtgcggcgggatttattggtagtaactatgtgcgtatgatgttatcacg tctaaaagacttgaataatgaacataaccatacttttataaaaggtgatatttgtgatga agttttagtatatcaaacactgaaagaatataaaattgatacgatagtacattttgctgc agaatcgcatgttgataattcaattgctaatccaaaggtatttttagaaacgaatgtgat aggtacatttacacttttagattgtgctaaaaggtattggttagatgaqctaggtttaga agaaactagttgtaggtttcatcatgtatctactgatgaggtatatggtaccttggcaaa agatgaaccagcctttactgagattaaggcttatgagccaaattcaccgtattcggcatc taaggcgggatctgatcatatttctagagcatatcatcatacctataaacttccggtaac aatttcaaattgttcaaacaactatggaccataccaacatcgagagaaattaatccctgt agtgataaatagttgtataaactacaagcctattcctgtttacggagatggttcgaatat tcgagattggctatatgtagaagatcactgcgatgctatccagacaattgttgagaaagg agtggttggagaggtttataatattggtggtattaatgaagttgataatctaaccttggt aaaaactatctgtaaactaatggatgaatataaaccagaaaatgctccacattctaactt aatcacatttgtggaagatagaaaaggacatgattggcgttatgctattqataacaqcaa gattcagaatgagttaggatggaagccatcacaagattttgataagatgtttagacaaac tattgagttttatctatagcttaaatatttatcttatgagtatctctaaaaaaatcaattt aatttatttttgtgttaaaaagtagttgttcgcaagaatatagttaatccgaaagatattt gtagaaaaagatatttgtagaaatgttataatgtctaataaaa

#### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/Gb 03/02338

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 C12N15/52 A61K C12N15/79 C12N5/10 A61K48/00 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 C12N Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EMBASE, BIOSIS, CHEM ABS Data, EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, EMBL C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Relevant to claim No. Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Category ° 1,3,5,6, χ BURROWS L L ET AL: "MOLECULAR CHARACTERIZATION OF THE PSEUDOMONAS 10, AERUGINOSA SEROTYPE O5 (PAO1) B-BAND 15-18, LIPOPOLYSACCHARIDE GENE CLUSTER" 26-28 MOLECULAR MICROBIOLOGY, BLACKWELL SCIENTIFIC, OXFORD, GB, vol. 22, no. 3, 1996, pages 481-495. XP002036538 ISSN: 0950-382X table 1 figure 4 abstract · Patent family members are listed in annex. Y Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but \*A\* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) \*Y\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of mailing of the international search report Date of the actual completion of the international search 2 October 2003 03/11/2003 Authorized officer Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Hoff, C Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

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Internation Application No
PCT/GB 03/02338

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	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	Relevant to claim No.		
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Inflamation on patent family members

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